The Bombay Gazette

No. 10,155—New Series. BOMBAY :—THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1881.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follows :—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
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First insertion	Rs. 5 0
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As. a line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

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First insertion .....8 As. per Line.
Second do. succeeding ..... 4½ „ „
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Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matter as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted or Servant Required, Houses or Lodgings to let, Changes of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes is as follow :—

Not exceeding three lines ..... Re. 1-0.
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Advertisements exceeding five lines will be charged for at our present ordinary rates.

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee*, and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES: EACH—TWO RUPEES.

BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

Subscription for one Year, *Post Free in India*, Rs. 12. Postage to England, Rs. 6-8.
Price per Copy ..... As. 4

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

HALL LINE STEAMERS.

SPECIAL RETURN TICKETS at first-class fare are now issued at reduced fares available for six months.

EDWARD BATES & Co.,
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. Agents.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited),

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. KERBELA, 2,000 Tons, on WEDNESDAY, 28th September, 1881, at 4 p. m., calling at Ratnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Madras, Cocanada, Vizagapatam, Chittapalam, Gopalpore, False Point, in the foregoing or any order weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

THE S. S. BURMAH, 1080 Tons, on MONDAY, 26th September, 1881, at 4 p. m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Bussrah, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR CUTCH MANDAVIE AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. EUPHRATES, 803 Tons, on FRIDAY, 23rd September, 1881, at 10 a.m.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, MOZAMBIQUE, INHAMBANE, QUILLIMANE, AND DELAGOA BAY.

THE S. S. BAGHDAD, 1,272 Tons, on THURSDAY, 20th October, 1881.

FOR RANGOON AND CHITTAGONG, VIA COCHIN.

S. S. BYCULLA, 1,464 Tons, about SATURDAY, 1st October, 1881.

N.B.—EXPORTS.—To save shippers the trouble of clearing and shipping, shipments not exceeding five tons will be received, and Bills of Lading granted in exchange at the Offices of the undersigned.

Railway receipts for packages from up-country should be forwarded to the undersigned, who will undertake clearance and shipment.

IMPORTS.—The undersigned undertake the landing, clearing and delivery in Bombay or forwarding by rail or steamer packages by the Company's Steamers. Bills of Lading and particulars of contents and value should accompany forwarding instructions.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 21st September, 1881. Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION with ITALY VIA SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

The Regular Steamers Leave

GENOA and BOMBAY on the 24th *of each Month.*

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY.
[Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.]

To	Chief Cabin.	Second Class.	Deck.	Provisions.
Aden	Rs. 220	Rs. 150	Rs. 40	Without food.
Suez	„ 360	„ 220	„ 80	
Port Said	„ 330	„ 210	„ 80	
Messina	„ 500	„ 340	„ 140	
Naples	„ 500	„ 340	„ 140	
Leghorn	„ 540	„ 340	„ 140	
Genoa	„ 600	„ 340	„ 140	
Marseilles	„ 620	„ 350	„ 145	

Including Wines.

Children under 3 years, free of charge; Children not above 10 years, half fares.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE of CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Handbooks. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agent.

The following or other First Class Steamers will leave Bombay :—

SINGAPORE, to sail on SATURDAY, 1st Oct., 1881.
MANILLA, to sail on TUESDAY, 1st Nov., 1881.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation, and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess.

The steamers of this Company start precisely at 12 noon.

Passengers and heavy baggage are carried on board free of charge by the Company's steam launch leaving Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a. m.

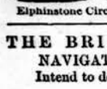
First and Second Class Through Railway Tickets, from GENOA and NAPLES to LONDON, are issued here at rates which can be learnt from the undersigned.

Cargo for Barcelona and Odessa can be booked at through rates.

For Hand-books of information, rates of Freight, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent, Rubattino S. N. Company.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle.
Bombay, Sept. 3th, 1881.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYDS' STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.



REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY AND TRIESTE VIA CANAL.

THE following Steamers will be despatched from Bombay to Trieste :—

	Captain.	Tons	HP.	To sail
s. s. DAPHNE	G. Doudich	1,927	400	26th Oct.

Rates of Passage-money (exclusive of Wines and Spirits, which can be had on board at moderate prices) as under :—

To	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
To Trieste	Rs. 400	Rs. 280	Rs. 140
To Cyprus (via Port Said)	„ 370	„ 295	„ 143
To Port Said	„ 320	„ 255	„ 131
To Suez	„ 300	„ 240	„ 122
To Aden	„ 170	„ 130	„ 66

STEAM TO HONGKONG VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, AND SINGAPORE.

THE Co.'s S. S. VORWAERTS, Captain G. Mariussig, 2,334 tons, 450 horse power, will be despatched as above on the 3rd October, 1881.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

INSURANCES effected by the General Insurance Company (Limited), Marine Branch.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 7, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, August 16th, 1881.

CLAN LINE STEAMERS.

THE s. s. CLAN MACLEOD will sail for Liverpool on or about the 15th October, 1881.

Passage Money to Liverpool ..... Rs. 450.

For further particulars apply to

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Bombay, 12th September, 1881. Agents.

GRINDLAY, GROOM, and Co., Bombay,
GRINDLAY and Co., Calcutta,

BOOK PASSAGES by P. & O. and all other Steamers without charge for Commission.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to SOUTHAMPTON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, MARSEILLES, ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA, AND GIBRALTAR.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1881.
s. ANCONA	3091	600	E. G. Stead	29th Sept.
— MONGOLIA	3833	500	W. E. Thompson.	6th Oct.
s. KHEDIVE	3800	600	P. S. Tomlin	13th „
— BOKHARA	2932	500	J. Orman	20th „
s. CATHAY	2983	500	W. M. Robbie	27th „

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, at Mazagon at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked (s) proceed direct to Southampton. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Venice, Trieste and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

Return Tickets are now issued at reduced rates as under. THREE MONTHS from date of departure to that of return,

	Via Brindisi, both ways.	Via Brindisi, one way.	Via Southampton, both ways.
Second Class.	Rs. 900	Rs. 1,000	Rs. 1,050
SIX MONTHS.	Rs. 1,000	Rs. 550	Rs. 600
First Class	Rs. 1,150	Rs. 1,200	
Second Class.	Rs. 600	Rs. 650	Rs. 700

STEAM TO PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, & SYDNEY, CALLING AT CEYLON.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1881.
KASHGAR	2627	450	R. G. Murray	23rd Sept.
GWALIOR	2753	450	A. W. Adamson	7th Oct.
THIBET	2593	400	W. R. Jordan	21st „

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
Return Tickets are now issued		
To K. George's Sound, Adelaide, Melbourne or Sydney and back (available for nine months)	Rs. 600	Rs. 375
To Galle and back (available for two months)	150	75
To Penang or Singapore and back do.	450	225

Passengers for Australia change steamers at Galle.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, at Mazagon, at 3 p. m., on the day of sailing.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 13th September, 1881.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS

FORTNIGHTLY BETWEEN

BOMBAY AND LIVERPOOL
(VIA MALTA).

THE following sailings have been arranged :—

S. S.	Captain	Tons.	H. P.	1881.
RYDAL HALL	O. Lloyd.	2,700	400	8th Oct.
SPEKE HALL	W. Brand.	2,700	400	22nd do.
CITY OF BALTIMORE	J. Verril.	2,300	300	19th Nov.
TRENTHAM HALL	Jas. Shaw.	2,100	300	3rd Dec.
WISTOW HALL	E. Collins.	2,700	400	21st do.
RYDAL HALL	O. Lloyd.	2,700	400	5th Janv.
SPEKE HALL	W. Brand.	2,700	400	20th do.

These fast Steamers have been specially built and adapted in every way for the Bombay Trade.

Each Steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess.

For plans, hand-books of information, and any further particulars apply to

EDWARD, BATES & Co., } Agents.
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., }
Bombay, 5th January, 1880.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS,

TO PASSENGERS leaving here after the end of May and returning after January, we are prepared to offer RETURN TICKETS on very favourable terms. Apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOW READY.

THE MAIWAND COURTS-MARTIAL.

FULL REPORT
OF THE
PROCEEDINGS
In Re
MAJOR A. PURCELL CURRIE
AND
COL. J. P. MALCOLMSON, C.B.,
WITH PLAN
OF THE
BATTLE-FIELD OF MAIWAND.

Price 8 annas.

BOMBAY GAZETTE OFFICE
RAMPART ROW.

ARTISTS' COLOURS
AND
MATERIALS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
Manufactured by
WINDSOR and NEWTON,
On sale by their appointed Agents,
TREACHER & COMPANY, Ltd.
Catalogues free on application.

HOME-MADE MARMALADE.

THE FINEST THAT CAN BE MADE.
1 lb. tins, Cash 10 As.

In this preparation the flavour of the fresh Orange is fully retained, and all gross parts of the Fruit being rejected, it is adapted to the most fastidious and delicate taste.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ltd.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

BASS'S PALE ALE,

BOTTLED BY FOSTER AND SONS.

"IT is gratifying to find in each analysis that the reputation of this firm (who are Messrs. Bass and Co.'s principal bottling agents) for supplying the best and most genuine malt liquors is honourably sustained."

Per dozen Qts.	Cash	Rs.	6 0
Do. Imperial Pints	„		5 4
Do. Pts.	„		4 0

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.
TREACHER & COMPANY, Ltd.

CONCENTRATED COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA,

PREPARED with the very best materials and with the greatest care so as to obtain the full medicinal properties of each of the articles of which it is composed.

This preparation of the finest Jamaica root is decidedly preferable to any other form in which Sarsaparilla can be administered on account of its portability and superior efficacy.

It contains the whole active and medicinal properties of the root in the highest state of concentration, combined with the ingredients of the compound decoction ordered in the British Pharmacopœia, the beneficial effects of which, as an alterative and restorative, have been universally admitted and established by the sanction and recommendation of the most eminent practitioners of the present day.

	Cash.	Credit.
Per bottle	Rs. 2-0	2-4
„ double size	„ 3-8	4-0

SOLE MANUFACTURERS.
TREACHER and COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

THE FRERE LAND AND FIRE COMPANY, Limited. (IN LIQUIDATION.)

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the above Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, 1, Church Lane, Fort, on THURSDAY, the 22nd day of September, 1881, at 3 p.m., for the purpose of considering and, if deemed advisable, passing the following special resolution.

That any one or more of the Liquidators of the Company shall be at liberty, notwithstanding the existence of a fiduciary relationship between him or them and the Company, to bid on his or their own behalf at any public auction sale or sales hereafter to be held for any portion or portions of the remaining immoveable property of the Company and to become purchaser or purchasers of any such portion or portions

By order,
EDWARD G. CABRAL, Secretary.
Bombay, 12th September, 1881.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TOWN HALL ORGAN FUND.

AN AFTERNOON CONCERT
will be given in the
TOWN HALL
on
THURSDAY NEXT, THE 22ND SEPTEMBER,
AT 5-30 P.M.

PROGRAMME.

1. Piano Duett ..March Turque.....E. Silas.
   Mr. Briner and Mr. Johnston.
2. Song ..... When the heart is young.....Dudley Buck.
   Mrs. Anderson.
3. Song .....At the Ferry.....M. Wellings.
   Mr. Wyer.
4. Ballad .....Esmeralda.....Levey.
   Mrs. Adams.
5. Violin Solo .....Faust.....Gounod.
   Mr. E. Freyvogel.
6. Song .....Jock'o Hazledean ..
   Mrs. Anderson.
7. Song .....The Three Maids of Lee .....Roeckel.
   Mr. Wyer.
8. Song .....Out on the rocks....Sainton Dolby.
   Mrs. Adams.
9. Duett.....Maying (by desire)...Smith.
   Mrs. Anderson and Mr. Ker.

Admission, Re. 1 by payment at the doors.
Books of words of the songs 4 annas.

BOMBAY CHURCH INSTITUTE.

THE first of TWO LECTURES on "the Morning and Evening Prayer" by the Lord Bishop TOMORROW (FRIDAY) EVENING at 8-30 at the Cathedral High School. Open to the public.

A. C. LOCHEE, Honorary Secretary.

WANTED a DAROGA by the Cotton Market at Wadhwan Civil Station. He must be well acquainted with Guzerathi Book-keeping, and will have to furnish a security.

Applications with testimonials addressed to the Honorary Secretary, RAO BAHADOOR KESHOWRAO BHASKERJI, Deputy Assistant Political Agent, will be received up to the 8th October, 1881.

Wadhwan Civil Station, 19th September, 1881.

FAIRBANKS' SCALES

are the standard for weighing in all leading communities. Made in

VERMONT, AMERICA,

Their use is universal, their approval unqualified.

For delicate adjustment and durable workmanship they are unsurpassed.

HAND POWER AND WIND-MILL PUMPS and Agricultural Implements.

H. BALLANTINE, AGENT.
3, HORNBY ROW, BOMBAY.

IMPERISHABLE FRAGRANCE.

MURRAY AND LANMAN'S
CELEBRATED
FLORIDA WATER,

The richest, most lasting, yet most delicate of all perfumes, for use on the

HANDKERCHIEF,
AT THE TOILET,
AND IN THE BATH.

As there are imitations and counterfeits, always ask for the Florida Water which has on the bottle, on the label, and on the pamphlet, the names of MURRAY & LANMAN, NEW YORK, without which none is genuine.

For sale by all Perfumers, Druggists and Dealers in Fancy Goods.

Selling Agent at Bombay,
ESUFALLY HIPTOOLA,
No. 9, Pir Market, near Jumma Musjid.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the MUNICIPAL CORPORATION OF BOMBAY will be held in the Municipal Offices on FRIDAY, the 30th September, 1881, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the consideration of the following business :—

1. Appointment of an Executive Engineer, and 2. Appointment of an Executive Officer of Health, under the provisions of Section 44 and 45 of the Municipal Acts III. of 1872 and IV. of 1878.
3. Sanction to be asked as recommended by the Town Council, to payments, amounting to Rupees, 6,029-1-9, from Surplus Cash Balance as per list already submitted to the members of the Corporation.
4. Sanction to be solicited to the acceptance of Mr. Dhondeeba Hunmuntrao's offer of rupees 18 for the materials of the old store-room of the Water Works Department, Chinchpoogly, and of Rupees 9 for the material of the sheds at Malabarmee Pipe Depôt.
5. Town Council's resolution recommending the Corporation to authorise the Commissioner to sell certain plots of Municipal land in Rampart Row, East, at such rates as may appear reasonable to him.

Letter from Mr. Bhickajee Kanjeebhoy Khandallawalla, who applies to be allowed to purchase a plot of the Municipal vacant ground on Rampart Row, East.

6. The concurrence of the Corporation will be asked by the Commissioner to the erection of stores chowkey for the Engineer's Department on a small portion of the ground, Parell, made over to the Municipality by Government free of charge in 1878 as site for a public market.
7. Petition from residents of Funuswady Cross Lane, stating that the lane is not properly drained, owing to the absence of main drain in the portion of Dadysett Agiary Street lying between the corners of Funuswady Lane and New Wady Lane ; requesting that such drain may be constructed in the aforesaid portion of the Dadysett Agiary Street, and drainage provided in Funuswady Cross Lane.
8. The Corporation will be asked to empower the Commissioner to allow the arcading over the public footway on the west side of Hornby Row, free of charge, or on such terms as may appear reasonable to him.
9. Health Officer's Report on the subject of the erection of Jaolee Shed for bullocks at Boree Bunder, together with Resolution of the Town Council, expressing the opinion that the Council were quite justified in sanctioning, as a special case, the payment of Rs. 270-15-0, on the 26th April last, for the cost of erecting the shed.
10. Sanction to be asked to the expenditure of a sum not exceeding Rupees 3,97,360 for constructing filter beds and a masonry roof over the whole of the Malabar Hill Reservoir.
11. The Clerk will report the following changes in the Corporation and the Town Council :—Resignation of Mr. Grattan Geary and Appointment by the Justices in place thereof of Mr. C. A. Winter ; Resignation of Mr. Hassonbhoy Visram, and Election by Ratepayers (Ward No. 4) in place thereof, of Mr. Fazulbhoy Visram ; Reappointment by Government, of Brigadier-Surgeon J. Pinkerton, as member of the Corporation and of the Town Council ; Resignation of Mr. Greaves, and Appointment by Government in place thereof, of Mr. W. Macaulay.
12. The Health Officer's Report for the 1st Quarter of 1881.
13. Report by the Town Council regarding the question of Assessment and Collection of the Municipality of Bombay.

By Order of the Chairman,
H. WYNFORD BARROW,
Clerk, Municipal Corporation ; and Secretary, Town Council.
Bombay, Municipal Offices, September 21, 1881.

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.

NEW BOOKS.

	Rs.	as.
Tales from Indian History ; by J. Talboys Wheeler ...	3	4
The Afghan War of 1879-80 ; by H. Hensman, Special Correspondent of "Daily News" and "Pioneer" ...	13	4
Malcolm's Memoir of Central India, including Malwa and the adjoining Province, 2 vols. ...	7	0
Lord Macaulay's Life and Letters ; by G. O. Trevelyan, cheap Edn. ...	3	12
Side Lights on English Society, or, Sketches from Life, Social and Satirical ; by E. C. G. Murray, 2 vols. ...	15	12
Routledge's Every Girls Annual for 1882 ...	3	12
Routledge's Every Boys Annual for 1882 ...	3	12
The Genial Showman ; Adventures of Artemus Ward ; by Hingston ...	2	4
Beerholmes Wanderings in Patagonia ...	2	4
Fothergill's Indigestion, Billousness, and Gout ...	4	12
Washington Square, the Pension Beaurepas ; by H. James ...	3	12
Tyndall's Essays on the Floating Matter of the Air ...	4	12
Twenty-one Days in India ; by Alli Baba, New Edn. 1881 ...	2	8
Jennings : My visit to the Gold Fields in the S. E. Wynaad ...	3	4
Philosophical Classic, Fitche ; by R. Adamson ...	2	4
Forbes's Comparative Grammar of the Languages of Further India ...	3	12
Coleman's Manual of Dental Surgery ...	7	12
Culinary Jottings for Madras, Thirty Chapters on Reformed Cookery for Anglo-Indian Exiles ; by "Wyvern" ...	5	0
Colyer's Treatise on Hydraulic Machinery ...	11	4
Brassey's (Mrs.) Sunshine and Storm in the East, New and Cheap Edn. ...	4	12
Gauots Elementary Treatise on Physic, New Edn. 1881 ...	9	8
On the Indian Hills, or Coffee Planting in Southern India ; by E. L. Arnold, 2 vols .	15	0
Supplement to Spons Dictionary of Engineering, Civil, Military, Mechanical, and Naval ...	25	0
Jones Notes on Military Law ...	2	8
Froude's History of England, vols 1 to 7 each ...	2	4
(To be completed in 12 volumes) ...		
Confession of a Frivolous Girl ; by R. Grant.	0	12
Laughing Eyes ; by H. Warren ...	0	12
The Rebel of the Family ; by Lynton ...	2	4
The Black Flag ; by W. S. Haywood ...	1	4
Mary Marston ; by Geo. Macdonald ...	3	12
A Sailor's Sweetheart ; by C. Russell ...	3	12
He that Will not When He May ; by Mrs. Oliphant ...	3	12
Guild Court, A London Story ; by Geo. Macdonald ...	3	12
Adam and Eve ; by Mrs. Parr ...	3	12
The Dead Heart ; by C. Gibbon ...	1	4
Old Stories Re-told ; by W. Thornbury ...	1	12
A Woman's Vengeance ; by James Payn ...	1	4
Household Horticulture : A Gossip about Flowers ; by Tom and Jane Jerrold ...	1	8

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.

GIESLER'S CHAMPAGNE.

NOTICE!!!!!!

TREACHER & CO., Limited, having been APPOINTED the SOLE EXCLUSIVE AGENTS in the BOMBAY PRESIDENCY for

MESSRS. **F. GIESLER AND CO.,**

are in a position, by special arrangement, to supply their Champagne, expressly prepared for India, with "For India" Brand, on the following advantageous terms :—

Giesler's "For India," their finest Brand.....	Cash per doz. Qts. Rs.	50 0
Do. do. do.	„ do. Pts. „	26 8

Messrs. GIESLER'S reputation as one of the leading Champagne Houses is thoroughly established in every market of the world, and is due to the great care and attention bestowed on the selection and preparation of their Wines.

TREACHER & CO. have, therefore, the fullest confidence in bringing this Brand more prominently to the notice of Wine-consumers in India, believing it to be unequalled by any other imported.

Special terms for quantities to Messes, Clubs, Traders, and Co-operative Societies.

OBSERVE!!!!!!

THE SPECIALLY APPOINTED SOLE AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY FOR MESSRS. GIESLER'S CHAMPAGNE ARE

TREACHER AND COMPANY, LD.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

SUPERIOR FELT HATS.
ALL THE NEW SHAPES.

Black, Drab or Brown, Extra Light, and Good Colour...Rs. 8,	9-8,	10-8
Special Shapes, suitable for Tall Men ..... „ 10-8,		12-8

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Helmets in a large variety of Shapes.

CASH DISCOUNT—TWO ANNAS IN THE RUPEE.

HOAR & CO., HATTERS, 3, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

CLARETS IN WOOD.

	Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
Medoc of about 48 Imp. galls. or 24 dozs. ...	172 0	180 0
St. Estephe „ „	216 0	231 0

We are now registering orders for the above. The first supply is expected about the middle of October next.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,
BOMBAY.

MACFARLANE'S CASTINGS,

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

ILLUSTRATED catalogue, price list, and estimates on application.

WALTER MACFARLANE & CO., GLASGOW,
CONTRACTORS by appointment to Her Majesty's War Department.

C. MARCKS AND CO.,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS,

JEWELLERS,

GOLD AND SILVER SMITHS,

OPTICIANS,

AGENTS FOR DR. MENIST'S

FIELD-GLASSES, PEBBLE SPECTACLES AND EYE-GLASSES.

AGENTS FOR SCHIEDMAYER'S

CELEBRATED SQUARE PIANOS.

2, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

1, EAST STREET, POONA.

FAVRE-LEUBA & CO.,

CAMPAIGN KEYLESS WATCHES.

In open crystal face cases... ...	...Rs. 25
„ hunting „	... „ 30
„ half-hunting „	... „ 35

OF these now over all India well-known keyless Lever metal watches, we keep always a large stock.

Those who have hitherto taken objection to the somewhat large size of these watches, we may inform that the same may be had now of same quality also of smaller size.

All those who are in possession of these our watches will gladly testify that it is impossible to have a more correct, strong and durable timekeeper, and that considering their prize they may be truly styled

"A REAL LITTLE WONDER."

FAVRE-LEUBA & CO., Bombay.

FAVRE-LEUBA & CO.

FINE SILVER KEYLESS WATCHES.

In open crystal face cases	Rs. 40
„ hunting „	„ 45
„ half hunting „	„ 50
„ open crystal face case, extra fine	„ 50
„ hunting case „ ...	„ 60
„ half hunting case	„ 60

WE can confidently recommend above watches not only for the really good quality of their works, but also for their handy size, the solidity of their cases and the neatness of their appearance.

FAVRE-LEUBA & CO.

FAVRE-LEUBA AND CO.

CHRONOGRAPH WATCHES.

REDUCTION OF PRICES.

WE have received a new consignment of these favourite race watches, which in consequence of the largely increased sales, we can offer to the public at the following reduced rates :—

In white metal cases	...Rs. 60
„ silver „	... „ 70
„ gold „	... „ 150

The success of these watches has been firmly established at the last Bombay and Bangalore as well as other races, and racing men are unanimous that it is the most accurate and most convenient watch ever constructed for the purpose.

FAVRE-LEUBA & CO., Bombay.

CALENDER LEVER WATCHES.

THESE very useful watches are always in stock of the following descriptions and prices :—

In Silver open face cases	Rs. 40
„ „ Hunting „	„ 40

The watches show on separate dials the days of the week and the dates, the correctness of which can be fully relied upon.

FAVRE-LEUBA & Co.

WE receive weekly shipments of our well-known cheap silver lever watches of unexcellent quality.

In open crystal face cases... ...	...
„ hunting „ ...	...
„ half hunting „ ...	...

FAVRE-LEUBA

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

SEASON 1881-82.

ENGAGEMENTS.

MISS EDITH WILSON begs to announce the engagements of Miss KATE THOBURN, Miss LIZZIE HEYES, Mr. J.S. HEWITT and Mr. J. TURNER.

Plan of the Seats and Prospectus at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.'s.

"RYDAL HALL" ARRIVED, 21ST SEPTEMBER.

CONSIGNEES are requested to TAKE DELIVERY of their Cargo from the Prince's Dock. Chafed or broken Packages must be surveyed before removal, otherwise no claim will be admitted.

EDWARD BATES & Co., Agents.
Bombay, 21st September, 1881.

ALL PERSONS having claims against or indebted to the Estate of the late LIEUTENANT CHARLES BOILEAU DOWN, 13th Regiment, Bombay N. I., are requested to communicate with the undersigned within one month, after which no claim will be admitted.

C. E. FISHER, Lieut.-Col.
13th N. I., President Committee of Adjustment.
Quetta, 13th Sept., 1881.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, Limited.

NOTICE.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of this Bank will be CLOSED from the 21st to the 30th inst., both dates inclusive.

By order of the Board,
WM. A. BAKER, Manager.
Bombay, 21st September, 1881.

NOTICE.

AN AD-INTERIM DIVIDEND has been declared for the half-year ended 30th June last, at the rate of , per annum, or six shillings and three pence per share, and will be payable on or after the 30th instant, to the Proprietors registered in the books of the Bank on the 20th instant, on production of Share Certificates.

By order of the Board,
WM. A. BAKER, Manager.
Bombay, 21st September, 1881.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Letters of Administration (with the Exemplification of Probate of the last Will and Testament with a Codicil annexed) to the Estate of Sir GEORGE LE GRAND JACOB, late of No. 12, Queensborough Terrace, Bayswater, in the County of Middlesex, Knight Commander of the Order of the Star of India and Companion of the Order of the Bath, a Major-General in the retired List of Her Majesty's Bombay Army, deceased, who died on the 27th day of January, 1881, were granted on the 20th day of September, 1881, by the High Court of Bombay to JAMES HUTTON, Manager of the Agra Bank, Limited, Bombay. All persons having any claims against the above Estate are required to send in particulars of the same in writing to the undersigned attorneys for the administrator at their office, No. 11, Rampart Row, within the Fort, Bombay, on or before the 21st day of October, 1881, after which day the said James Hutton will remit the assets belonging to the Estate to the Executrix of the said Estate in England, and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognized. All persons indebted to the said estate or having property of his in their hands, are hereby required to pay their debts, or hand over such property to the undersigned before the day last abovementioned.—Dated this 21st day of September, 1881.

SMITH & FRERE,
Attorney's to the Administrator.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that JAVERBAI, widow, and SAMALDAS NARISIDAS (a minor), son of NARSIDAS DEVIDAS, late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, deceased, are respectively as such widow and son of the said late Narsidas Devidas according to Hindu law beneficially interested in all that piece of land with a building or warehouses standing thereon, situate in Doongry Cooly Street, without the Fort of Bombay, and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 818, and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 307, and bounded on or towards the east by a well, on or towards the west by the said Doongry Cooly Street, on or towards the north by a sweepers passage, and the house of Virji Bhimji, and on or towards the south by a public passage, and forming part of the estate of the said late Narsidas Devidas. Any person or persons receiving or dealing with the said property by way of purchase, mortgage, lease, gift or otherwise without the previous consent in writing of the said Javerbai and Samaldas Narsidas will do so at his, her, or their own risk, peril and responsibility.—Dated this 21st day of September, 1881.

BALKRISHNA AND BHAGVANDAS,
Solicitors for the above named Javerbai and Samaldas Narsidas.

NOW READY.

SERIOUS REFLECTIONS,
BY THE
POLITICAL ORPHAN.

Copies can be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

Price Rs. 2-8.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 3, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE of grain sweepings at the G. I. P. Railway goods depot Wari Bunder.

On WEDNESDAY, the 28th instant, at 2 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by public at the abovementioned place.

A quantity of grain sweepings, &c.

BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, 22nd September, 1881.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.

SALE OF landed property on the west side of Don Todd Street.

TO-MORROW, FRIDAY, the 23rd day of September, 1881, at 4 p. m., Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of mortgagee, Sha Valeji Lakhamsee, and on account and risk of mortgagors, Ahmed Jeva and Hajrabai, widow of Abdoola Sallah Mahomud, the following landed property, viz :—

All that piece of fazundaree land (of which Khoja Ludha Ibrahim is fazundar) together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate on the west side of Don Todd Street, in the sub-district of Mandvee, assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 37, bounded on the east by Don Todd Street, on the west by sweepers passage, on the north by the house of Ebrahim Khumessa and on the south by the house of Ebrahim Goolee, and which was formerly and are now in the occupation of the said mortgagors.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

On SATURDAY, the 24th instant, at 8 a.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNS

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

WEDNESDAY EVENING, SEPT. 21.

CONSOLS are again ⅛ lower at 99, but the 3½ per cent. Indian Sterling Loan is ½ higher at 101½. French Rentes unchanged at 116½. Enfaced Rupee Paper is without change in Fours-and-a-half at 91, but Fours are ⅛ higher at 83½. Indian Exchange Bank shares show no fresh movement.

In the Produce markets Coffee and Cocoanut-oil are as last quoted. Linseed and Rapeseed continue quiet, with a further partial decline of 3d. per quarter. Wheat comes quiet at a reduction of 1d. per cental in Liverpool, and 3d. to 6d. per quarter in Club No. 2 in London. The Liverpool Wool sales are reported to have opened with good competition, the quantity offered being 14,000 bales.

Piece-goods in Manchester yesterday were dull, Reuter's quotations, however, being unchanged, with the one exception of a decline of ¼d. per piece in Jacconets.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed dull, the sales being only estimated at 5,000 bales. Prices are unaltered all round except for Americans, which are 1-16d. lower on the spot and 1-32d. for deliveries. As we anticipated, the Lancashire spinners have found it impossible to adopt short time with any degree of unanimity, and the position, therefore, will simply resolve itself into where it stood before, of buyers *versus* sellers. The former will, doubtless, restrict their takings to the smallest possible limits; but even allowing for that, we very much question the likelihood of the Liverpool corner being seriously affected. The price of Mid.-Uplands has now been reduced 3-16d. from the highest point, but it must be remembered that the full squeeze will not be felt till the 30th of the month.

In New York yesterday prices were unchanged both for ready Cotton and Futures. The receipts at the ports continue comparatively moderate, as will be seen from the following figures :—

	1881.	1880.	1879
Tuesday's Receipts.....	10,000	20,000	23,700
Total since 1st Sept	252,000	252,000	187,700

COTTON.—The market continues very quiet, but sellers are still asking previous prices, which, for the quality of existing stocks, buyers are unable to pay, and there has consequently been nothing or next to nothing doing for export.

SEEDS are unaltered but quiet, arrivals being limited. Wheat is coming forward freely and finds ready buyers at previous prices, say Rs. 34 per candy for No. 1 White.

FREIGHTS still show great firmness, and, judging from Reuter's report that "outward freights are unquotable," seem likely to continue strong for some time to come. A good inquiry still prevails for forward loading, and a 1,400 ton steamer is reported to have been fixed for U. K. or Continent, November loading, at 40s. per ton.

PIECE-GOODS are quiet, both ready and for future delivery. Every day makes it more evident that we are not likely to see much improvement until existing stocks are reduced, and it is almost a pity for the trade that the Lancashire short time movement has fallen through, as a month of diminished supplies would have put the market on a much sounder footing.

COALS.—No fresh business is reported, and prices remain without quotable change.

EXCHANGE.—The market opened quiet but steady, and no alteration has taken place during the day except that telegraphic transfer has been obtainable for future delivery at the current rate for ready.

Transactions as usual on a Wednesday have been limited, pending the result of the Council drawings. The general opinion is that the minimum will again be fixed at 1s. 7 13-16d., in which case we ought not to see much, if any, alteration in rates. We quote :—

Bank Bills on demand	..	..1s. 7 27-32d.	per rupee.
Do. telegraphic	..	..1s. 7 13-16d.	,,
Do. 3 months sight..	..	..1s. 8d.	,,
Credits, 3	,,	..1s. 8¼d.	,,
Documents, 3	,,	..1s. 8 5-32d.	,,
Francs 3	,,	..2 13	,,

On Calcutta, demand drafts are at par, 60 days sight ¼ per cent. discount.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—Owing mainly to firmer advice from Calcutta, where Fours yesterday are said to have touched Rs. 102, and partially also to increased firmness in London, the tone here to-day has again been strong. Fours opened at Rs. 101½, but business was done at Rs. 101¾, and at the close Rs. 101 7-16 is the quotation. Fours-and-a-half have advanced to Rs. 110¾ to ¼. Sellers are very firm, and at the moment there seems every probability of higher figures being established, although of course much depends on Money getting easier.

SHARES are quiet with only a moderate business passing, and in the few instances where any change in values is noted, buyers have the benefit. Wynaad Gold Mining Shares have receded to Rs. 12.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Am't.	Paid up.	Last Dividend	Cash Rates.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay.....	20,000	500	500	11p. ct.	735
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	8 do.	800
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	8 do.	650
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	100,000	10	all	3 do.	130
Chart'd Bank of C....	40,000	20	all	6 do.	310
Chart'd Mercantile ..	30,000	25	all	6 do.	300
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank	40,000	28½	all	10½ do.	600
National Bank of India	37,320	25	12½	5½ do.	106
Oriental Bank	60,000	25	all	5 do.	205

LAND COMPANIES.

...grere Land	7,500	150	150	100	*20
Mazagon Land, &c....	1,750	2,000	2,000	..	24
New Colaba Co.	4,000	3,000	2,925	30	885
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,400	1,400	10	205

* For distribution.

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	150	5,000	2,850	50	900
Albert Ginning Co....	100	500	all	18p.ct.	425
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	200	2,000	1,100	132p.s.	1,010
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	2,400	2,220	10	400
Bellary	625	1,000	1,000	25 p.s.	560xd.
Berar Cotton Ginning and Press Co.....	600	500	all	40	435
Broach Cotton Ginning and Press Co...	1,400	250	all	10	36
Colaba Press Co	500	1,880	1,880	50	935
Dhollera Press and Ginning Co.....	500	300	all	100	250
East India Press Co ..	700	1,000	1,000	50	1,125
Fort Press Co	150	5,500	3,500	300 p.s.	2,025
French Press Co.....	300	500	all	45 p.s.	445
Sind Press Co	400	2,000	750	50	425
Mofussil Co	3,125	400	400	15 p.s.	325
New Indian Press	1,000	350	350	14	120
Prince of W. Press ..	120	.....	1,500	235	1,325
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co.....	100	1,000	750	100	1,100
Sassoon Press Co	300	500	500	25	170
Volkart's Press Co....	450	1,000	all	50	175

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W. Company	600	1,000	500	90	1,400
Parell S. & W. Co. Ld.	2,500	400	400	50	100
Anglo-Indian S. & W. Company.....	30,000	1,000	100	5	137
Alfred Manufacturing Company	1,000	1,700	500	35 p. s.	660
Alliance Cotton & Silk Manufg. Co., Ld. ..	1,800	1,000	..	..	1,050
Bhownuggur Mills ..	300	2,000	2,000	100	1,000
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,020xd
Central India S. & W. Company	2,500	500	500	40 p. s.	850
Coorla Mills	800	50	1,000	50	940
D. Spinning	3,000	2,000	all	nil	900
Empress S. & W. Co..	736	500	all	25 p. s.	610
Ditto (New issue) ..	400	500	150	..	450
Golam Baba S. Co....	1,000	500	400	20	555
Hindustan	1,200	1,000	1,000	50 p. s.	1,125
Hydrabad Spinning Company	700	1,000	1,000	70 p. s.	1,165
Jaffer Ali Spinning Company	600	500	500	50	675
Jewraz Bhalloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	70 p. s.	1,130xd
Khandeish	750	1,000	1,000	30	960
Khatao Mackinjee ..	1,000	1,000	1,000	70 p. s.	1,070
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	100 p.s.	1,930
Mahalakshmi	650	1,000	500	..	640
Manockjee Petit's	2,500	1,000	all	75	1,630
Mazagon Spinning Co.	5,000	250	250	12 p. s.	270
Morarjee Goculdas ..	1,000	1,000	1,000	60	1,340
National Spinning ..	500	1,000	1,000	60	1,125
New Great Eastern ..	1,400	1,000	1,000	40 p. s.	1,130
Oriental	4,000	625	625	40	817½xd
Prince of Wales Spinning Company..	1,500	500	500	..	165
Ruby S. & W. Co....	1,800	1,000	1,000	63	1,200xd.
Sholapur Mills	900	1,000	1,000	50 p. s.	1,150
.....	750	1,000	1,000	50	1,030xd
.....	500	500	Rs. 30	..	745
.....	350	1,000	1,000	60	1040
.....	200	1,000	200	15	820

...EOUS.

.....	1,000	100	540
.....	.....	7 p.c	170 / 160
.....	.....	225	2,400
.....	.....	.....	10

ARRIVAL.

Sept.	Vessel.	Commander	From.
21	Rydal Hall (s)	Lloyd	Liverpool, Aug. 27.

DEPARTURE.

Sept.	Vessel.	Commander	Destinations.
21	Culna (s).....	Cave	Coast & Calcutta.

The ship Ivanhoe, Herriman, for Dunkirk, obtained her port clearance yesterday.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Sept.
16 Kepler (s) .....Lasselles ...Port Said, Aug. 24.
Madras (s) .....Turner.....Calcutta, Sept. 2.
Coniston (s) .....Kell .....Jedda, Aug. 27.
Old Kensington ..Jones .....Liverpool, June 20.
Monmouthshire ..Sterling ....Liverpool, May 31.
17 Cornorant (s) ....Couche ....London, Aug. 9.
Penuba (s).....Guy .....Singapore, Aug. 25.
Coldinghame ....Jones.....London, May 8.
Bengal .....Irving .....Liverpool, June 14.
Chicorna .....Locke ....Mauritius, July 24.
Blairhoyle .....Hawkins ...Liverpool, June 13.
Louise Collet .....Beerman....Pondicherry, Sept. 3.

DEPARTURES.

Sept. 16—Steamers Flamsteed, Mangerton, Sirdhana, Mathew Curtis, Langshaw, Bancoora, Congo and Purulia. Ships Eurydice, Rance, Carlisle Castle and a ship (numbers undistinguishable)
Sept. 17,—Steamers Medina, Lennox and Japan. Ships Riversdale and Woodburn.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Sept.
18 Tibre (s) .... Calcutta.
Siam (s)..... ..... London.

Sept. DEPARTURES.

18 Tibre (s) .... Galle.
19 Siam (s)..... ..... Calcutta.

DAILY IMPORTS.—SEPTEMBER 21.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Clan Alpine (s)—808 bundles hoop-iron, Premjee Ookerda; 500 barrels alum, Hemraz Khimjee.
Roumania (s)—1,030 boxes bar soap, Dossabhoy Morwanjee and Co.

FROM LONDON.

Ravenna (s)—90 packages soap, Cursetjee and Eduljee; 2 boxes gold bars (Rs. 124,666). The Agra Bank; 9 cases printing materials, and 2 cases stationery, *The Times of India*; 68 cases paper, Byramjee Shapoorjee.
Lady Octavia—250 casks cement, Joseph Soares; 25 casks cement, Ebramjee Suhmajee.
Khiva (s)—4 boxes gold bars (Rs. 249,869) The Agra Bank.
Kashgar (s)—6 boxes gold bars, (Rs. 373,592), the Agra Bank.
Sicily (s)—472 casks sherry, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.
James Watt (s)—60 cases matches, Abdoolally Shaik Adam; 21 boxes window glass, Essoofally Abdoolally.
Singapore (s)—300 kegs red lead, Tezpal Cuma.
Galatea (s)—29 cases cognac, and 12 cases claret, Cutler, Palmer and Co.
Lennox (s)—25 cases gin Cutler, Palmer and Co.

FROM GENOA.

Singapore (s)—6 Hhds. brandy, Pestonjee and Co

FROM MARSEILLES.

Ravenna (s)—1 box gold coins (Rs. 18750) the French Bank.
Singapore (s)—200 barrels roll-sulphur, Mahomedally Lookmanjee; 125 cases claret, Hajee Khajamerjee and Co.

FROM SOUTHAMPTON.

Ravenna (s)—2 boxes gold bars (Rs. 124,156) The French Bank: 1 boxes gold bars (Rs. 248300) The Chartered Bank of I A. and China.

DAILY EXPORTS.—SEPTEMBER 21.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Wistow Hall (s)—135 cwts yarn, Mooljee Jaitha; 39 bales hides, Khan Mahomed Nensey, 1,875 cwts wheat, Killick, Nixon and Co.
James Watt (s)—1 bales hides, Rehmoobhoy Russoolbhoy; 1,016 cwts wheat, Killick, Nixon and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Hathersage (s)—50 cwts weedseed, 350 cwts wheat, Volkart Brothers

FOR GENOA.

Singapore (s)—90 cwts castor-oil, F. Bozzoni.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Singapore (s)—5923 cwts gingelly seed, Volkart Brothers.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Kashgar (s)—100 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co; 43 bales twist, Ardeshir Merwanjee: 5 bales wool, C. H. B. Forbes and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Kashgar (s)—200 baskets onions, Hasson Moosa: 25 bales twist, S. N. Tullal and Co; 20 bales twist, E. D. Sassoon and Co; 4 cwts stones, Ebram Noordin and Co; 15 bales twist, Abdool Satar Ahmed; 50 bales cotton, Semam Choosakhoja; 115 bales twist, E. D. Sassoon and Co: 50 bales cotton, David Sassoon and Co; 42 packages Bhoysabole, Rehmoobhoy Hubibbhoy; 158 cwts ivory, Jafferbhai Peerbhoy; 44 cwts ivory, 25 cwts betelnuts, and 82 cwts turmeric, Tyeball Jafferbhoy; 51 chests opium, N. J. Ebram.

HIGH COURT.—SEPTEMBER 22.

(Before the Hon'ble Sir CHARLES SARGENT.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.

475-80—R. M. Sayani—C. A. Turner vs Nusserwanjee Ardaseer Wadia—Hearn C. and L.—Part heard.
589-79—H. Bicknell—Ishram Gungadass vs Nundlal Beharilal and others—Shapurjee and T. and Ardaseer and H.—Part heard.
450-79—Craigie, L. and O.—C. A. Turner vs Kesowjee Naik—Hearn, C. and L.—Part heard.
7-81—Janardhun and H.—Morarjee Premjee vs Bhimjee Ghirdhur and others—J. Macfarlane—Part heard.
499-80—Shapurjee and T.—Chatterbhooj Khimjee and another vs Cassibai—Hearn C. and L.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)

Testamentary and Intestate Jurisdiction.

In the matter of the last Will and Testament of Gooroo Harinarayen Gungadass Mathooradass Bawa, deceased, —Tyabjee and D.—Balakdasjee Gooroo Gungadasjee Bawa vs Ramchurundasjee Gungadasjee Bawa—Crawford and B.—Part heard.
In the matter of the last Will and Testament of Bawajee Gungadasjee Mathooradasjee Ramdasjee, deceased—Crawford and B—Ramcharundasjee Gungadasjee Bawa vs Balakdasjee Bawa Gooroo Gangadasjee Bawa—Tyebjee and H.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice WEST.)

To hear Counsels as to Costs.

532-80—Jefferson, B. and D.—Ramchordass Canjee vs Burzorjee Pallonjee Mehriee and others—H. Bicknell.
375-80—Jefferson, B. and D.—Dewkabai vs Nanbai and another—L. M. Syani and H. Bicknell.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.

151-80—Hearn, C. and L.—Kessowjee Naik vs Sakurchund Nagurdass—Jefferson B. and D., Payne and G—Tobin and R.—Part heard.
281-81—Smith and F.—Aga Mahomed Jaffer Shirazi vs Beebee Nessa—Tobin and R.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—SEPTEMBER 18.

Meade, Lieut., 4th Cavalry H. C., on duty, from Aurungabad.

SEPTEMBER 20.

Shortt, Surg.-Major, on sick leave, from Ahmedabad.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

(*Gazette of India*, September 17.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

The services of Surgn. J. Lewtas, M. B. (Queen's Own) Corps of Guides, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Govt. of Bengal.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr. F. R. Mallet, Asst. of the 2nd Grade in the Geological Survey of India, is granted privilege leave for one month.

Mr. C. L. Tupper, C.S., Offig. Under Secy. to the Govt. of India in the Rev. and Agrl. Dept., is placed on special duty for two months, from the 15th Sept. 1881.

Mr. T. W. Holderness, C.S., is appointed to officiate as Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India in the Rev. and Agrl. Dept., during the absence of Mr. C. L. Tupper, on special duty.

Mr. C. L. Tupper, C.S., and Mr. T. W. Holderness, C.S., respectively made over and received charge of the office of Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India in the Rev. and Agl. Dept. on the forenoon of the 15th inst.

Under the provisions of Sec. XXI of the Statutes of the most Exalted Order of the Star of India, H. E. the Grand Master has been pleased to appoint the Hon'ble Charles Grant, C.S., C.S.I., to be Secy. of the Order.

Under the provisions of Sec. XII of the Statutes of the Order of the Indian Empire, H. E. the Grand Master has been pleased to appoint the Hon'ble Charles Grant, C.S., C.S.I., to be Secretary of the Order.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

The recognition by the Govt. of India of the appointment of Mr. Sander Gutman as Actg. Consul for the Netherlands at Aden, during the absence of Mr. E. O. Ooms, has been confirmed by H. M's. Govt.

H. E. the Viceroy and Govr.-Genl. is pleased to confer upon Gundubogula Ramanah Naidu, Inspr. of the Vizagapatam Police, the title of "Rai Bahadur," as a personal distinction.

Under Sec. 49 of the Civil Leave Code, Maj. J. Biddulph, lately on special duty in Gilgit, is granted furlough on private affairs for one year, with effect from the date of his departure in June 1881, with the necessary subsidiary leave.

Mr. C. Stuart, late Depy. Regr. in the Foreign Dept., having been dismissed from his appointment, is declared incapable of serving Govt. hereafter in any capacity.

Lieut. R. A. Cole, Offg. Adjt. of the Deoli Irregular Force, is appointed to officiate as Adjt. of the Erinpura Irregular Force during the absence of Capt. C. E. Wheeler, or until further orders.

Maj. P. W. Smith, doing duty with the Deoli Irregular Force, is appointed to officiate as Adjt. of that Force, during the absence of Lieut. C. Herbert.

Sir S. C. Bayley, K. C. S. I., Resdt. of the 1st Class and Resdt. at Hyderabad, is granted privilege leave of absence for two months and twenty-nine days, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

The following temporary arrangements are made, with effect from the date of assuming charge, during the absence on privilege leave of Sir S. C. Bayley.

Mr. W. B. Jones, Comsr of the Hyderabad Assigned Dists., to officiate as Resdt. of the 1st Class and Resdt at Hyderabad.

Lieut. Col. J. G. Bell, Judl. Comsr., to Officiate as ... of the Hyderabad Assigned Dists, vice Mr. Jones.

Mr. J. T. Bushby, Depy. Comsr. of the 1st ...ciate as Judl. Comsr. of the Hyderadad ..., vice Lieut-Col. J. G. Bell.

...ge, LL.D., Barrister-at-Law, having ... to officiate as Asst. Comptr. Genl. ...hat office before noon on the 9th ...

...ing been appointed to officiate ... during the absence on ...nshave, received charge ...of 7th Sept. 1881.

...RMENT.

...Sikh Infantry.—
...Leicestershire
..., to be Offg.

...Volunteer
...t.-Comdt.
...urlough
...ave'—
...ag.,
...c.)
...ge

40th Regt. of N. I., (p. a.) for one year, under rule I of the regulations of 1875.

The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of furlough by the Rt. Hon'ble the Secy. of State for India :—

Lieut.-Col. (Bt. Col.) G. C. Hankin, Benl. S. C., up to the 8th Dec. 1881, without pay.
Major G. R. Grylls, Benl. S. C., (m. c.) for two months.
Capt. A. B. Clare, Genl. List., Infy., (m. c.) for six months.
Surgn.-Major J. B. White, (m. c.) for three months.
Surgn.-Major S. Selous, M. D., (m. c.) for two months.
Surgn. T. Moloney, M. D., (m. c.) for six months.

Under the authority of the Secy. of State for India, H. E. the Govr.-Genl. in Council is pleased to direct that furlough service for pension in the I. M. S. will continue to be governed by the furlough regulations under which each officer may be serving.

Hony. Capt. and Depy. Comsy. Thomas Heatheote, Ord. Dept., is transferred to the Pension establishment.

The following promotion is made, subject to H. M's. approval :—

Bengal Army.—To be Major.—Capt. Francis Henry Hinde, Genl. List, Infy., 10th Sept., 1881.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

Major H. G. Pritchard, Mily. Acct., 1st class, 2nd grade, to be Mily. Acct., 1st class, 1st grade.
Lieut.-Col. W. S. Hunt, Mily. Acct., 2nd class, 1st grade, to be Mily. Acct., 1st class, 2nd grade.
Capt. G. W. Sawyer, Mily. Acct., 2nd class, 2nd grade, to be Mily. Acct. 2nd class, 1st grade.
Maj. C. T. Lawrence, Mily. Acct., 3rd class, to be Mily. Acct. 2nd class, 2nd grade.
Capt. R. T. Hawkes, Asst. Mily. Acct., to be Mily. Acct., 3rd class.
With effect from the 31st Aug., 1881, vice Col. G. J. D. Hay, Mily. Acct., 1st class, 1st grade, deceased.

In continuation of G. G. O. No. 506 of 1881, the undermentioned officer is permitted to retire from the service under the provisions of G. G. O. No. 1 of 1881.

Lieut.-Col. (Bt.-Col.) Browne William Ryall, Benl. S. C., 12th Sept. 1881.

H. E. the Govr. Genl. in Council has been pleased to sanction the following appointment.

Quetta Division.—Maj. C. W. Murry, 2nd Batn. Gloucestershire Regt., to be Depy. Asst.-Qr.-mr. Genl., from the 27th Aug., 1881, vice Major P. C. Story, vacated on proceeding on leave to England.

In the list of officers of the P. W. D. mentioned in the Minute by H. E. the Viceroy and Govr.-Genl., dated the 15th Jany., 1881, published in G. G. O. No. 315 of 1881, for "Mr. T. W. Morse," read "Mr. F. W. Morse."

MILITARY (MARINE) DEPARTMENT.

Mr. J. T. Bonnett, to be an Asst. Engr., 2nd class, in H. M's Indian Marine, on probation, with effect from date of joining.

Mr. C. Cooper, to be an Asst. Engr., 2nd class, in H. M's Indian Marine, on probation, with effect from date of joining.

Mr. P. R. Oliver, to be an Asst. Engr., 2nd class, in H. M's Indian Marine, on probation, with effect from date of joining.

Mr. J. V. Gonsalves, to be an Asst. Engr., 2nd class, in H. M's Indian Marine, on probation, with effect from date of joining.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Coll. R. de Bourbel, R.E., Chief Engr., Class III, is appointed to officiate in Class II till further orders, with effect from 27th Aug.

The services of Capt. C. C. C. Barlow, R.E., Ex-Engr., 3rd Grade, Railway Branch, were, on return from furlough, placed temporarily at the disposal of the Chief Comsr., British Burma.

Mr. F. F. Storey, 1st Grade, on the Estabt. under the Dr. Genl. of Railways, is appointed to officiate as a Suptdg. Engr. in Class III, with effect from the 21th July 1881.

The Govr.-Genl. in Council is pleased to make the following officiating promotions, with effect from the 23rd Aug. 1881 :—

Maj. J. M. Heywood, R.E., Suptdg. Engr., Class II, to Class I.
Maj. R. H. Palmer, S.C. Tempy. Suptdg Engr, Class III, to Class II.
Mr. J. Ramsay, Ex. Engr., 1st Grade, Engr-in-Chief of the Indus Valley and Kandahar Railways, is transferred to the Establishment of the Govt. of Bengal, Railway Branch, with effect from the date of the return of Mr. H. F. Storey from privilege leave.
Mr. H. F. Storey, Suptdg. Engr., Class III, temporary rank, Railway Branch, is appointed Engr.-in-Chief of the Indus Valley and Kandahar Railways, vice Mr. J. Ramsay, transferred to Bengal.
Capt. F. Firebrace, R. E., Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India, Railway Branch, and Capt. R. A. Sargeant, R. E., Suptdg. Engr., Class III, temporary rank, attached to the Office of the Dr. Genl of Railways, are granted three months' special leave, with effect from 1st Nov. 1881, or any subsequent date.
Consequent on the retirement from the service of Lieut.-Genl. W. C. Hutchinson, R. E., Maj.-Genl. A. Cadell, R. E., Depy. Inspr. Genl. of Mily. Works and Chief Engr., 1st Class, is appointed Inspr.-Genl. of Mily. Works, with effect from this date.
The undermentioned officers are transferred from the Railway Branch of the P. W. D. to the Estabt. of the Govt. of the Punjab :—
Mr. M. S. Dooley, Ex. Engr., 2nd Grade.
Mr. T. J. Dumayne, Ex. Engr., 4th Grade, temporary rank.
Mr. F. B. Hebbert, Asst. Engr., 1st Grade.
Mr. J. S. Brown, Asst. Engr., 1st Grade.
Dharm Sing Soin, Asst. Engr., 2nd Grade.

SURGEON DENTIST,
DR. C. F. KHORY
(LICENTIATE OF DENTAL SURGERY OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND, 1873),
No. 23, RAMPART ROW,
Opposite the FloralFountain, next to *BombayGazette* Office

DEFECTIVE SIGHT.
HARRIS AND LAWRENCE
OCULISTS' OPTICIANS,
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(NEXT THE ORIENTAL BANK)
BOMBAY,
REGISTERED PROPRIETORS of the LUCULENT and METRICAL SPECTACLES, which are used in all OPHTHALMIC HOSPITALS, and prescribed by all SURGEON OCULISTS. For the convenience of Mofussil residents who are unable to visit us, we will on application forward a set of our patent METRICAL TEST GLASSES for self-fitting. Applicants must give a Bombay reference, or forward a deposit of Rs. 10, which will be refunded on the return of the Test Glasses.
Artificial Human Eyes in all shapes and colours.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

SMITH—September 21st, at Sunbeam House, Chinchpoogly Hill, the wife of Edward John Smith, of a daughter.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

BIRCH—September 15th, at Mirzapore, the wife of F. W. Birch, Esq., District Superintendent of Police, of a son.
MACKENZIE—September 17th, at Jeetwarpore, Tirhoot, the wife of Waller Mackenzie, of a daughter.

DEATH.

MacRAE—September 17th, at Arrowah Factory, Chupra, John MacRae, son of the late Rev. William MacRae, of Barvas—in his 60th year.

The Bombay Gazette
THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1881.

IF Kudus Khan is a man of mind and means, his successful raid into the Taimuni country may prove the turning point of the war. How he may now comport himself, or whether his forces are sufficiently strong for larger enterprises, no one can tell; but the very interesting history of party changes in the country between Herat and Taiwarra since last October makes it evident enough that the inhabitants are more favourable to Kabul than to Herat. The significance of the expulsion of Ayoub's governor, Abdul Wahab, from Taiwarra will not be apparent to those who have not followed the very devious thread of recent Afghan politics. We propose here to offer the requisite explanation; but before doing this, let us draw attention to the strategical position and value of Taiwarra, the capital town, village, or fort of the Taimuni tribesmen. A sufficiently accurate mental picture of the country between Herat, Kabul, Furrah, and Kandahar may be obtained by comparing the outline to a trapesium, of which the longest side is that between Herat and Kabul, and the shortest between Herat and Furrah. Draw a line from Herat to Kandahar, and another from Furrah to Kabul, Taiwarra, or, as it is spelled on the maps, Tiverch, is near the point of bisection. It stands about seventy-five or eighty miles from Kandahar, and about one hundred and eighty, at a rough calculation, from Herat. From Girishk to Taiwarra the distance is sixty miles, perhaps a little more. Thus, by his capture of Taiwarra, Kudus Khan is now able, if he is a person of energy and resources, to co-operate with the Amir in Ayoub's rear, while the Amir himself keeps the Sirdar engaged in front of Kandahar. If the Amir should retreat, Kuduz Khan might be able to divert Ayoub's attention; and this he might do whatever line of retreat the Amir should follow—Chaman or Kabul. Or, he might intercept Ayoub himself, in the event of the Sirdar's defeat; he would only have to make a few marches southward to Girishk. Once more, he might, in the event of the Amir proving sufficiently strong at Kandahar, make a raid on Herat, and rouse up the whole route on his way.

We come now to the second part of our inquiry—what chances would an honest, able, and well-provided general of the Amir's have of capturing Herat, and winning over the whole of the intermediate country, together with the Jamshidi districts north of Herat, and the Hazara territories east of it, to Abdul Rahman's cause? It is necessary to suppose the general endowed with the foregoing qualifications, otherwise it will be useless to try to forecast results. We have only to observe that, given the honesty and the ability, the resources in men, arms, and money might be comparatively slender. To proceed, then. A large portion of Ayoub's activity since September and October, 1880, has been devoted to the difficult task of keeping the "Char Eimaks," or four tribes, of whom the Taimunis and the Jamshidis are perhaps the most important, under due control. The attempt has been a chequered career of success and failure. The Jamshidis in particular are opposed to Ayoub Khan, disgusted and terrified by his cruel treatment of their chief man, Agha Khan, the Sirdar's own father-in-law. Under Yaluntush Khan, Ayoub's brother-in-law, they rebelled against the Sirdar's authority; and it cost Hassan Khan and Mahomed Khan, Ayoub's generals, a good deal of trouble to keep them in order. The Maimena people, who inhabit a tract of country to the north-east, between Herat and Balkh, rather sympathized with the Yaluntush malcontents than otherwise. Before Ayoub's departure from Herat the Jamshidis, and the factions in Herat itself, were at peace; had they not been, Ayoub would not have left the city. Turning from the Jamshidis, whose chief town, Khusk, is forty miles north of Herat, to the Taimuni tribes, we find that they have been in incessant conflict with the Sirdar's party. At all events, this is the only interpretation which can be put upon the somewhat disjointed stories about them which have reached India. Soon after Ayoub settled down at Herat he imposed a *governor* upon Taiwarra. This governor was the Abdul Wahab of the Press Commissioner's telegrams. All the leading men of the Taimunis, including Aubiar Khan and Abdulla Khan, fled to Kandahar, whence they intrigued with their kinsfolk. Abdul Wahab was very unpopular, and appears to have sustained a siege on more than one occasion in his Taiwarra quarters. All the old hostility of the Taimunis to Ayoub Khan will probably be aroused by Kudus Khan's success, and they should be able to render effectual assistance to the Amir as regards recruits. As for the Hazaras, who live in the hilly country between Herat and Kabul, it is very likely that they would support the Amir, to whom, if they chose, they could easily supply ten thousand fighting men. But, finally, what is Ishak Khan, the Amir's cousin, and Governor of Turkestan, doing all this while? Is he acting in concert with Kudus Khan? He might, it seems, do this without any great difficulty. He is known to have put all the principal places in Afghan-Turkestan—Shibarghan, Balkh, and others—into a good state of defence; moreover, Turkestan is thoroughly faithful to the Amir, that is to say, as thoroughly as we can ever expect an Afghan province to be. And the march to Herat from Balkh or Shebarghan would be easy. Beyond Maimena a Turkestan army would encounter scarcely any physical difficulties whatever; and the distance between Shebarghan and Herat is the same as from Herat to Ayoub's post at Kandahar, three hundred miles. The foregoing rapid review illustrates what we have said before, that if Sher Ali emerged forth triumphantly from disasters, there is no reason why Abdul Rahman, whose difficulties are less, should not do the same. As a matter of fact, his chances are better than Ayoub's. What use he may make of them is another question.

So far the only fault to be found with the Amir is his apparent sluggishness. We have been told that he has been only "biding his time;" but he may bide it too long. The Kudus Khan expedition is certainly evidence of a skilfully concerted plan on the Amir's part; and for all we know he may be "biding his time" at Kandahar, in expectation of news of something great from Herat, and perhaps from Turkestan. In money matters,—we mean the subsidy—His Highness appears to have acted in a commendably honest spirit. The treasure which he was accused of sending off to Tashkend has, we are assured, been in reality sent to Turkestan only, and devoted to military purposes entirely. He may have sent fifteen lakhs to Ishak Khan, but not more; the rest, so far as can be ascertained, has been spent on military armaments at Kabul and the garrisoning of Kandahar,—but the Kandahar part of the subsidy, including the sixteen guns from the Punjab arsenal (Ferozepore), were captured by Ayoub.

THE Bey of Tunis will doubtless try to feel "reassured" by the declaration that France has no intention of occupying Tunis. The intention may spring into being at any moment. There is no longer mention of the "civilising mission of the Republic," or the duties of "friendly protection," in the despatches which now speak of the progress of the French aggression in North Africa. Still less is the old pretence maintained that a military demonstration, a sort of military promenade to the environs of Tunis, would be sufficient to establish the prestige of France and restore the authority of the Bey. The pretended treaty which a French general extorted from the unfortunate Bey under threat of deposition and imprisonment was the real blow to the Bey's authority; and the French have now to face the insurrection of an entire nation on behalf of their ancient independence. It is clear that the French Republic has entered on an undertaking the cost of which was probably not calculated very closely when M. Gambetta and M. Roustan precipitated the conflict, but which must be carried through to the bitter end, if France is not to suffer a disastrous check on the Mediterranean. In forecasting the course of events in Tunis some months ago, we clearly perceived that this was the necessary outcome of the situation created by the French intervention. Once engaged in the struggle, once obliged to pit the strength of France against the Moorish and Arab tribes, the French must press on, however difficult the undertaking, however expensive the conduct of the campaign. It must be added that the folly and bigotry of the French commanders have contributed to render the difficulties indefinitely greater and the expenditure more ruinous than even a pessimist view of the enterprise necessarily implied. The shameful exploit of the column commanded by Colonel Négrier in the province of Oran, which deliberately destroyed the holy city of El Abia-S

TELEGRAMS.

AR SILVER AND EXCHANG.

LATEST LONDON QUOTATIONS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, SEPT. 21, 5-10 P.M.

the weekly biddings for Council drafts upon India this afternoon tenders at 1s. 7 13-16d. received 98 per cent. and above that in full.

It is notified that the amount of Council drafts to be offered next week is 35 lakhs.

Bar Silver closed at 51 11-16d. per ounce; market weak.

Four per cent. Rupee paper, 83½; Four-and-a-half ditto 91.

THE POONA ART EXHIBITION.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPT. 21.

The following are the prizes awarded at the Art Exhibition:—

Best landscape in oils by an amateur, Mr. Fforde.

Best figure in oils, Mrs. Whiteworth.

Best four sketches in oils, Doctor Cooke.

Governor's prize, Col. Hancock.

Best landscape, Indian subject, Major Pullan.

Best sketches in water-colours, Colonel Strahan.

Best sketches in water-colours for non-commissioned officers, Conductor Chard.

Gaekwar's prize. Best oil-painting by a professional or amateur, Vurmah.

Mr. Pudumjee's first prize, Vurmah; black and white, Mr. Peile.

The Governor in opening the Exhibition, referred to the fact that it was the first held under the auspices of the Western India Fine Arts Society, formed since last year, and said that, as the number of corresponding members increases, they would be likely to have a larger annual show of both paintings and art work of all kinds. The object of the society was to encourage native art manufacture, as well as amateur and professional painting and drawing, both by natives and Europeans. The encouragement of purely indigenous designs and forms in native artizans' decorative work was especially desired. In addition to prizes given by the society, the Gackwar of Baroda had generously given Rs. 200 per annum for four prizes, specially for natives of India: one for painting, and the others for industrial art work. When it becomes more widely known among the native artists that any original design will be fully appreciated, there would most likely be less copying of European models of form and decoration than unfortunately took place at present. The society was now in its infancy, and required all the aid and recognition of lovers of art, both European and native. It had already been joined by the Nizam, who presented a donation of Rs. 500, the Raja of Travancore, the Gaekwar of Baroda, and Sir Salar Jung. The present show of pictures was about the same in numbers as last year; but they had to regret the defection of the best Madras amateur artists, who won some of the best prizes last year. The number of water-colours was 207 compared with 192 last year; and oil-colours, 84 compared with 98 last year. A fair level of excellence had been maintained both in oil and water-colours, and there was a very marked improvement among rising amateurs. Copies in oil or water-colours had greatly increased in number, and the excellence of some was much above anything shown at previous exhibitions in Poona. Among figure paintings, some of the best were by native professional artists from Travancore. In landscape there were some water-colours at least as good as any that had before been seen in Poona. After reading the prize-list and congratulating the winners, the Governor referred to the great good done by the exhibition of native works of art and industry, which it was highly important should be brought into due prominence. Indian native works of art were very popular now in England, and were beginning to be appreciated in America. He was glad to know that American firms at Allahabad and Bombay were sending large quantities of specimens of native manufactures to the United States. The Crawford School of Industry at Ratnagiri was doing much to make Indian furniture popular. Referring to the revival of the Agri-Horticultural Society and show, His Excellency said a right appreciation of the beauties of nature was a necessary condition to faithful delineation. As to agricultural produce at the exhibition, he hoped it would do much to extend and improve the most valuable of all industries to India. He called attention to the fact that Poona requires a large hall for public purposes, and instanced the hall at Lahore as an example. He hoped a similar building would soon be erected in Poona, where meetings and entertainments could be held, and where a library and reading room might be included. H. E. concluded with a reference to the death of President Garfield; as to which he said the whole Anglo-Saxon family throughout the world must sympathise with their American brethren in the terrible calamity.

POONA RIFLE MEETING.

The rifle meeting at Poona opens to-morrow. None of the All-comers' Matches will be shot till Monday, and the Military Matches taking three days, the Musketry Cup will be shot for on Friday; the other team matches, Poona and Deccan Cups, Lloyd Lindsay prizes, and Squad Trial Stakes on Saturday.

THE TWO RIVALS IN AFGHANISTAN.

(FROM THE PRESS COMMISSIONER.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 21.

Messengers from Kandahar report that Ayoub moved the Kabuli regiment outside the city on the 17th inst. A few days previously a considerable number of them deserted to the Amir; since which they continue to desert in small parties.

Ghazis are said to be collecting round Ayoub, who has ordered that they shall be regularly paid and rationed.

A regiment raised in Tirin, Dehrawud, and Zamindawur has arrived in Kandahar.

The feeling in Kandahar is reported favourable to Ayoub, while the Kabuli army is equally staunch to the Amir.

There is a rumour that the Turkistan army has risen against Sirdar Ishak Khan on behalf of Mahomed Jan and other prisoners.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By Red Sea Cable.)

THE LATE PRESIDENT GARFIELD.

NEW YORK, SEPT. 20.

The burial of President Garfield is fixed to take place on Monday next at Cleveland, Ohio.

Guiteau's guards have been doubled.

AFFAIRS IN TUNIS.

TUNIS, SEPT. 20.

The French Government has reassured the Bey of Tunis that France has no intention of occupying Tunis.

A further force of three thousand Turkish troops has been landed in Tripoli.

MARRIAGE OF THE CROWN PRINCE OF SWEDEN.

STOCKHOLM, SEPT. 20.

The Crown Prince of Sweden was married to-day to the Princess Sophie Marie Victoria of Baden.

PROBABLE TROUBLES IN NEW ZEALAND.

LONDON, SEPT. 21.

The native member of the New Zealand ministry has informed the Government that Maori troubles are probable.

OBITUARY.—General Thomas J. Galloway, Col. of 70th Foot.

THE MAILS.

ADEN, SEPT. 21.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Gwalior, with the outward English mails of the 9th instant, left for Bombay at 6 a.m. to-day, and the s. s. Assam left for Galle and Calcutta at 5 p. m. yesterday.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LIVERPOOL, SEPT. 20.

The Anchor Line steamer Elysia left here for Bombay this morning.

LIVERPOOL, SEPT. 20.

The Hall Line steamer City of Baltimore arrived here from Bombay this afternoon.

PORT SAID, SEPT. 20.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Patna, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this morning.

LONDON, SEPT. 20.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed dull. Surats unchanged.

The London Cotton Market has been dull.

Fair Dholleras	4¼
The Manchester Market has been dull.	
7 lbs. Shirtings	6
8 do.	7
20s Mule Twist	0-9/
2½ per cent. Sterling Loan	101¼
,, Rupee Paper	83½
4 do.	91
3 ,, Consols for account	99
French Rentes	116¼
Bar Silver	51 11-16

Departs.—Mal-abar.

STEAMER REPORTS.

GALLE, SEPT. 21, 12-15 P.M.

Mail-steamer Oxus, from China, arrived.

GALLE, SEPT. 21, 12-45 P.M.

French mail-steamer Tebe, from Calcutta, arrived.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

TUESDAY, NIGHT, SEPTEMBER 20.

At 10 p.m. .. .. 80·0 Farht.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 21.

At 6 a.m.	78·5
,, 10 a.m.	85·2
,, 2 p.m.	86·0
,, 4 p.m.	85·0

THE Life of President Garfield, by Frank Mason, has been translated into very fluent idiomatic French by Mr. Benjamin Franklin Peixotto, the U. S. Consul at Lyon, and published by Dent in Paris. The object of the translation is to make known to the citizens of the French Republic the steps by which an American rose from poverty and humble station to the position of Chief Magistrate of the great Republic of the West. This French version of Captain Mason's little work was in type before the President was struck down by the assassin Guiteau; and it is at the present moment melancholy to read the few pages which were added on the 20th of July, rejoicing that the wound had not proved mortal.

TOWARDS the end of last year a petition of Mahomedan inhabitants of Bombay was presented to H. E. the Governor of Bombay praying for the exemption of mosques from water-rates. The reply to this was to the effect that Government saw no reason why a distinction should be drawn between Mahomedan and other places of worship. Another petition has just been forwarded to the Governor in Council in which the prayer is repeated. A number of reasons are given in support of the petition. The petitioners state that the purchase and sale of water, not in pots or such like utensils, is disallowed by their religion, as it is written in "Fatwá-Alamgiri" (chapter of sale) a well or stream, water, according to their religion, being created for general use, and is thus "common property," which cannot be owned by one certain individual. From the books of their high religious authority the petitioners find that the water sold at mosques "is full of legal defects," and the ablution made with it is unlawful, prayer performed with such an ablution being inadmissible. They state that in every respect the sale of water is an obstruction to religious observances brought from the neighbouring houses for the use of a mosque the Municipality, they say, will certainly object to it. The petitioners admit that if water is brought from a public reservoir by means of leather bags the Municipality will not object, and no religious principle will be sacrificed; but they take exception to this plan on the ground that the observance of religion would be indirectly obstructed owing to most of the mosques being far from public reservoirs, and in consequence of inadequacy of funds they cannot afford to pay the charges of conveyance. The petitioners evidently consider that the Municipality is under the impression that water is wasted in the mosques, for they point out that in the Mahomedan law it is written, "Do not be wasting water, though you be on the bank of a river, as God says 'Do not squander away,'" and this being so no true believer would dare to commit so great a sin in the mosque. In conclusion, the petitioners pray that His Excellency the Governor will solve their religious difficulties by directing the exemption from water-rate of the places of religious worship, "and as our liberal and benign Government are unexampled in giving every facility in the observance of religion, and extend their munificent hands towards maintaining the religious edifices and institutions of their numerous subjects, at the expense of the Imperial treasury," they entertain no doubt that their petition will be granted.

AT Rangoon some successful experiments have been carried out in tree-felling with dynamite.

CHOLERA seems at last to have nearly passed away from Lahore.

THE appeal of the four persons convicted of the murder of a Parsee at Jamnagar and sentenced to death has, according to a correspondent of the *Bombay Samachar*, been rejected by H. H. the Jam.

THE Secretary of State is advertising in London for thirty locomotive-engine-drivers for employment on the Indian State Railways. A contemporary presumes that this means that native engine-drivers have proved a failure.

MAJOR A. H. PLAYFAIR, Cantonment Magistrate and Judge, Morar, took over charge of the office of Political Agent at Gwalior from Colonel Willoughby Osborne, C.B., on the 17th instant.

AN Investiture of the Order of the Bath will be held at Simla on October, the 4th. The recipients will be Generals Macgregor, Phayre, Macpherson, Bright, Hugh Gough, and Palliser.

THE *Englishman* learns from Simla that it is definitely settled that Surgeon-General Crawford leaves India this cold season to succeed Sir W. Muir.

MR. C. STUART, Deputy Registrar of the Foreign Office, having lately been dismissed from his appointment for communicating confidential information, has been declared incapable of serving the Government hereafter in any capacity.

THERE has been, during the last few weeks, much promotion in the Bengal Cavalry regiments. Two commandants have died and one has retired, and more may follow. A contemporary suggests that it would be wise on the part of the Government to increase the number of retirements under the commutation scheme for this the last year.

THE *Madras Times* is glad to be in a position to announce that the blot in the new Pension Rules, viz., that all leave or furlough is not to be allowed to count as service for pension, is now likely to be removed, as the Government of India have sent up a strong recommendation to the Secretary of State that the penal clause, about which so much has been written and said, should be abolished.

FROM the returns of the imports and exports of the Straits Settlements for the year 1880, just published, it appears that the value of the trade of Singapur and Malacca showed an increase of no less than $11,190,266 over 1879, while the trade of Penang showed a decline of $3,860,467. This decline is mainly attributable to the Acheen war, the imports and exports with Sumatra showing a falling off in 1880 of $3,479,575, as compared with the imports and exports of 1879.

THE number of wrecks and casualties in Indian seas during the year 1880, though above the average of the preceding sixteen years, was small compared with 1879, only 50 vessels having been totally lost, as against 289 in the latter year, and minor mishaps numbering 156 against 192. The number of lives lost was also proportionately small, being only 120 as compared with 357. The average number of wrecks and casualties during the last sixteen years has been 108, and that of lives lost 106.

A CHINA paper says that "on the 14th July a mob, instigated by the gentry and literati, assembled near the Chapel of the American Mission at Tsi-nan-fu, Shantung, beat and frightened the workmen, destroyed or carried away the moveable property, and threatened the lives of the missionaries and their converts. After a good deal of inaction on the part of the authorities, steps were at length taken to put down the rioters and protect the missionaries."

THE terms to be imposed upon the Afridis, in punishment for the attack on the picket of the 19th Bengal Lancers at Peshawur last month are, it is stated, as follows:—First, the surrender of Kamal alive, or his expulsion from Afridi limits, together with a fine of Rs. 2,000; second, the surrender of Kamal's associates, or the payment of a further fine of Rs. 1,500; third, the payment of blood-money, at the rate of Rs. 500, for each sowar killed or wounded in the attack on the picket.

ALTHOUGH the construction of a line of railway from Tumkur to Bangalore has been deferred, a correspondent of the *Pioneer* says, the idea has by no means been altogether abandoned. It is, however, not possible to undertake the work at once, on account of financial difficulties. The resources of Mysore have been much crippled by the ruinous after-effects of the famine, which in addition has left a legacy of heavy debt. The idea of raising a loan for carrying out the project, on the cheapest possible terms, is under contemplation; in the meantime, the Dewan is retrenching wasteful expenditure in every direction, solely with the object of spending money, ultimately, on useful public works.

THERE being no fixed procedure at present for the publication of Loan Notifications in the three Presidencies, the Governor-General in Council prescribes the following rules for observance in future:—All announcements regarding loans will be issued by the Financial Secretary to the Government of India. In cases where it is possible, the *Gazette* Extraordinary containing the Loan Notification will be sent, in proof, by him confidentially to the Comptroller-General and the Accountants-General, Madras and Bombay, to be reprinted by them and issued at 10 a. m. from their offices on the day fixed. Where circumstances do not allow of this, a telegraphic summary will be sent for similar issue. The day before or the day on which the mail leaves Calcutta will, whenever possible, be chosen as the day for issue of the Loan Notification.

THE state of affairs on the Afridi frontier is reaching a stage which, in the opinion of the *Civil and Military Gazette*, calls for a decided move on the part of Government, to render life and property more comparatively secure than it has been lately. Blockades and reprisals succeed one another with increasing frequency. The Zakkha and Kukki-Khels, from whom the safety of the Khyber has been bought with a large subsidy, whilst to a fair extent fulfilling their contract within the pass itself are taking the change out in the open country, and within short distances of Peshawur; and the question arises as to the greater expediency of letting the present state of things continue, or else of settling matters for good by carrying the war into the, so to speak, enemy's country, and retaining a hold thereon as a guarantee for the future good behaviour of its inhabitants. Such a course as the latter has often been recommended, and, probably on account of the initial expense, decided against; but it is a question whether the cost would not be covered, if not in actual cash, at any rate by the material advantages which would accrue from holding the new position.

AFTER a very considerable correspondence, the project for the Dehra Doon Railway seems to have been rejected by the Government. It was never very favourably received by the Public Works Department, as the promoters were required to get the whole capital subscribed by responsible persons, and to deposit a substantial sum as earnest-money in a Government treasury, before the Public Works Department would arrange for the needful survey and estimates. The promoters were told that, when all these conditions had been fulfilled, the Government would consider whether it could grant the new line concessions similar to those granted to the Central Bengal Railway. On this intimation of the views of the Government, some considerable correspondence took place, but it has now, according to the *Indian Daily News*, been notified to the promoters that the Secretary of State has telegraphed to the Government of India that he has conceded the right to construct the line between Moradabad and Saharunpore to the Oudh and Rohilkhund Railway Company. The idea of the Government is to construct this line on the broad gauge, with a branch to Hurdwar on the same gauge; but nothing is said as to any extension from Hurdwar to the Doon.

IT may not be generally known, remarks the *Pioneer*, that a regular scale of pensions has been sanctioned for officers who have sustained wounds or injuries in the performance of their duties, otherwise than in action; whereas formerly pensions were only accorded under very special circumstances, and no fixed rate or scale laid down. According to the order now brought into force, if an officer is reported by a military medical board to have lost a limb or an eye, or sustained injuries equivalent to such loss, in consequence of wounds received in the performance of military duty, otherwise than in action, he may be recommended for a pension at the following rates, according to the rank held by him at the time of his wound:—General Officer—Colonel and Lieut.-Colonel, £250; Major, £150; Captain, £75; Lieutenant, £50. The grant or continuance of such pensions is to be subject to the conditions which apply to officers injured in action. Should, however, the wound not be equivalent or nearly so to the loss of a limb, an officer may, at the discretion of the Secretary of State, be allowed a gratuity of three to twelve months' pay of the substantive rank held by him at the date of his wound. The calculation of rupees to the pound sterling, it will be observed, is at 2s. 0½d.

THE LATE GENERAL T. J. GALLOWAY.

THE death is announced of General Thomas James Galloway, Colonel of the 70th Regiment. General Galloway entered the Army in 1821, and was actively employed in Jamaica during the insurrection of the negroes in 1831-32, in command of a detachment of the 32rd Regiment. Commanded the Peshawur brigade during the Indian mutiny in 1857-58 (medal) as Brigadier of the 1st class, which appointment he retained until his embarkation with the last division of the 70th Regiment for New Zealand in March, 1861. On promotion to Major-General, he commanded the Colonial Forces in the province of Auckland, from July, 1863, to February, 1865, during the operations in the North Island (medal).

POONA RACES.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

FOURTH DAY, SEPTEMBER 20.

It rained so heavily all Monday night, that many thought it would be impossible for the races to come off on the following afternoon.

The course on Tuesday morning was a sea of mud, through which the horses at exercise ploughed nearly up to their knees; plenty of harrowing, however, with a drying wind, made it a little better by the afternoon, and it soon became evident that, mud or no mud, the races were to be run off.

The first event on the card was the Hurdle Race, for which four came to the post; Vesper strong favourite. While taking their preliminary canters Syed ran away with his rider, right past the stand, and slipping up in the mud at the turn, fell. He was quickly remounted, however, and on his rider attempting to canter him back to the starting post, the brute ran away again, this time tearing all over the country and clearing everything in his stride; and finally was seen disappearing in the direction of Wanowrie Lines, going still something under even time. The remaining three horses were then taken to the post and despatched at once, Vesper taking up the running at a good pace, Sir Kenneth close up, and Dardanelles waiting some 10 lengths off. In this order they ran to the ½-mile post, all fencing well, when Sir Kenneth joined the leader and Dardanelles closed up. At the last hurdle the mare was beaten, and the two chestnuts coming away together, ran a grand race home; Dardanelles, thanks to Captain Macdougall's admirable finish, just winning by half a length.

The Corinthian Stakes produced a field a field of five runners, Buttercup and Grey Warrior meeting with about equal support, Jason also being backed to win a large stake by a very clever stable. Grey Warrior, however, showed himself a real good one, for he came sailing home through the mud the easiest of winners, and well ridden by Captain Macdougall; Jason a bad second.

Six runners turned out for the Arabian Cup, the most fancied being the light-weighted pair of H. H. Agha Khan; for no horse with any weight on his back could possibly perform through the deep-holding ground. The race needs little description. Little Burton taking Sir Frank at once to the front, made all the running and won in a canter; poor old Kohinoor, hardly able to rise a gallop at all, beaten by a ¼ of a mile. Exchange and Rataplan also, apparently unable to act under their heavy weights in the dirt, ran badly.

For the Deccan Handicap eleven horses were declared to start. These starting declarations had to be made the previous day before 2 p. m.; which time the weather was fine and the course in capital order; and the rule that once a horse is declared to start, he cannot be afterwards withdrawn, prevented several owners from keeping their horses in their stables, instead of running the risk of breaking them down for the amusement of the public. The best performance of the whole meeting was done by Fureed in this race, for with the steadier of 8st. 9lb. on him, he made the whole of the running and won by a street, thus proving himself a first-class horse. With only 8st. 4lb. to carry in the Nizam's Gold Cup at Hyderabad, he will take a deal of beating, and I feel sure that whatever beats him will win. King Arthur ran well in the race, and at the ½-mile post looked like closing with Fureed, but, unfortunately, breaking a blood-vessel he had to be stopped. Brewty, on Secunder, came to grief early in the race, the horse slipping up and falling at the same turn where Syeed had come down. Mr. Abdul Rahman's stable is certainly in grand form; he won everything here him at the meeting, and has netted in stakes and lotteries a very large sum of money. One or two good judges, who always follow the blue-jacket, have won their money too; but the public have lost all round, several owners of large and good studs not having had even a look in for a race. Talking of money, reminds me that I hear a good deal of grumbling here about the slow settling over the Ahmedabad sky meeting. Surely, in a small place like Ahmedabad the money lost and won might have been collected and paid before this.

THE POONA HURDLE RACE.—Rs. 500 from the fund, over 6 flights of hurdles. 1½ mile. For all Arabs and Country-breds. Country-breds 11 stone, Arabs 10 stone 7 lb. Gallowayss 9 stone 7 lb., twice 5lbs, oftener 7lbs. extra. Maidens allowed 7lbs. Entrance 1st July 1 G.M., 1st August 2 G.M., 1st Sept. 4 G. M., when the race will close. In this hurdle race the full amount will only be given if 4 horses *bonâ fide* the property of different owners start; if 3 start two-thirds will be given; if 2 start half will be given. Rs. 100 for a W. O.

Mr. St. George's c a h Dardanelles, 10st., Mr. MacDougall, 1
Dr. Steward's c a h Sir Kenneth, 10st., Mr. D. Wolff .. 2
Capt. French's c c b m Vesper, 10st. 4lb., Owner .. 3
Aga Moochool Shah's b a h Syeed, 10st., Mr. Drummond .. 0

Vesper made the running to the half-mile post, where Sir Kenneth drew up to her; Dardanelles still waiting some three lengths behind. At the last hurdle the mare was beaten, and Sir Kenneth and Dardanelles ran a great race home, the latter winning by ½ a length; Vesper a bad third.

THE CORINTHIAN STAKES.—Rs. 500. A handicap for all horses entered in the Service Stakes or Criterion. G. R. Distance 1 mile. Entrance forfeit. Closing and accepting time the same as in the the Deccan Handicap.

Col. Utterson's g a g Grey Warrior, 10st. 8lb. Capt. Macdougall .. 1
Mr. Macpherson's b a h Jason, 10st. 3lb. Capt. Elliot .. 2
Mr. Hastings's b a c Priam, 9st., Owner .. 0
Col. Burnett's c a h Buttercup, 10st. 2lb. Finan .. 0
Capt. Melliss g a g Hero, 9st. 13lb. Bowen .. 0

Despatched at once to a good start, all ran in a cluster to the distance, where Grey Warrior came away from his field and won very easily; Jason a bad second. Time, 2m. 28sec.

THE ARABIAN CUP.—Value Rs. 500, presented by Abdul Rahman Mimnie, Esq. For all Arabs. Weight for age; Gallowayss allowed 10lbs. Maidens allowed 10 lbs., of the day 14lbs. Winner of one previous season 3lbs., two 5lbs., three or more 7lbs. extra; Maiden Winners once 4lbs., twice or oftener 7lbs. extra. R. C. Entrance 1st May 2 G. M., 1st June 4 G. M., 1st July, 6 G. M., 1st August 8 G. M., 1st September 10 G. M., with a starting stakes of 3 G.M. Four horses in different interests to start, or the prize will be withheld.

H. H. Aga Khan's b a c Sir Frank, 7st. 3lb., Burton .. 1
Aga Moochool Shah's c a h King, 8st. 3lb. Tingey .. 2
Mr. Abdul Rahman's b a Rataplan, 8st. 9lb., Oomer. 3
Major Crosbie's g a h Kohinoor, 9st. 7lb., Mr. Hastings.. 0
Mr. Herbert's c a h Exchange, 9st., Bowen .. 0
H. H. Aga Khan's b a c Voluntoor, 7st. 11lb., Rowjee .. 0

At the fall of the flag Burton at once took Sir Frank to the front, was never collared, and won easily; Kohinoor last, a long way behind. Time round the course, 3m. 1½sec.; the last 1½ mile being 2m. 57sec.

THE DECCAN HANDICAP.—Rs. 500. For all Arabs and country-bred horses. Top weight to be fixed at the discretion of the stewards. Entrance 5 G. M.; 2 G. M. forfeit for not standing the handicap. To close and name at 7 a. m. on the day before the race. Handicap to be published at 9 a.m. Acceptances to be in the box by 2 p. m. Round the course and a distance.

Mr. Abdul Rahman's ch a h Fureed, 8st. 9lb., Oomer.... 1
Col. Utterson's g a c Grey Warrior, 6st. 12lb. Kurreen.. 2
Aga Moochool Shah's b a h Reserved, 7st. 13lb., Tingey.. 3
Mr. Herbert's b a h King Arthur, 9st., Bowen .. 0
H. H. Aga Khan's b a Secunder, 8st. 11lb., Brewty .. 0
Nawab of Jowrah's b a h Armistice, 8st. 8lb., Cozens .. 0
H. H. Aga Khan's b a c The Earl, 7st. 9lb., Rowjee .. 0
Mr. Maitland's b a h Tiger, 7st. 5lb., Ramchurn .. 0
Mr. Stephen's b a h Eldorado, 7st. 1lb., Ahmed .. 0
Mr. Walter's g a h Heliograph, 6st. 12lb., Native .. 0
Major Crosbie's g a c Star, 6st. 7lb., Native .. 0

The moment the flag was down Oomer took Fureed to the front, Grey Warrior, Reserved, and Heliograph lying near King Arthur, and Armistice bringing up the rear. At the ½-mile poor King Arthur made his effort, but breaking a blood-vessel, he had to be stopped; Fureed, who, the farther he went the farther he left his field behind, eventually winning with ridiculous ease. Time, last 1½ mile 3m. 5sec.; not bad considering the awful mud.

FREE HANDICAP.—Rs. 500 from the fund. For all horses. 1 mile. Starting stakes of 2 G. M.

Mr. Cozens b w g Wild Irishman, 7st., Burton .. 1
Mr. Maguire's br a h Epilogue, 9st. 8lb., Cozens .. 2
Mr. Herbert's b a g At Last, 8st. 6lb., Bowen .. 3
Major Crosbie's b a g Angler, 8st., Native .. 0

Wild Irishman, taken at once to the front, and favoured by his light weight, was never approached, and won by 15 lengths. Time, 1m. 54sec.

THE POSTPONEMENT OF A RIFLE MATCH AT POONA.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—As the notice of the postponement of the Rifle Match between the Bombay and G. I. P. Railway Volunteers in your to-day's issue gives no cause for my being unable to muster our team, I would have it known that three of them were unfortunately sick, and the services of two others could not conveniently be spared by the railway company, and that the corps would not jeopardize its laurels by entering a scratch team. We hope, however, the contest will take place at our annual regimental rifle gathering in November next.—I have, &c.,

J. N. WALKER, Capt.,
Inspector and Adjutant, G. I. P. R. Volunteers.

Poona, Sept. 20, 1881.

THE S. I. R. A. MEETING AT BANGALORE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, SEPT. 17.

THE fourteenth annual meeting of the Southern India Rifle Association commenced on the morning of the 15th instant. The weather, although considered unfavourable by spectators, was everything that the competitors could wish up to the afternoon, when a heavy shower of rain damped the spirits of all, and caused the postponement of the several matches to another day. Mrs. General Payne did not commence the meeting as promised, by firing the first shot, nor did any other fair hand,—a fact attributable to H. H. the Maharaja's fancy-dress ball, which came off on the previous night. This honour fell to the lot of Lieutenant C. Leonard, who made an outer,—a circumstance that many considered an unfortunate omen. The meeting was now fairly opened, and soon the sharp crack of the Martini-Henri was heard all over the range. But the riflemen missed the familiar ping of the bullet on the wrought-iron targets, as, with the exception of the 1st class targets (700 to 1,000 yards), the remainder of the targets are made of canvas. The wind was variable, and the light unreliable and cloudy, with breaks of bright sunshine. But some good scores were made, notwithstanding. For H. R. H. the Prince of Wales's Plate Serjeant, A. Barren, M. V. G., scored 31 out of a possible 35 at 800 yards; and at 900 yards Colour-Serjeant Kurton put up 27 out of 35. For the Empress' Plate, 200 yards h. p. s. 35, Private J. Trouse and Serjeant Instructor Nolan, 2nd Hants, made 33 each. Mysore Stakes, 500 yards, h. p. s. 35, Corporal Westand Serjeant Major, Nilgiri V. Rifles, scored 32 each; and in the Rifle Derby, 200 yards, h. p. s. 35, Serjeants Taylor, T. Lander, and J. Davis, B. R. V., scored 33 each; while in the Sportsman's Contest, 100 yards, h. p. s., standing, 20, Capt. Pratt, B. R. V., managed a good 41. While the European regulars and our civic soldiers were making such good practice, the native troops were not behindhand. Several prizes are restricted solely to native troops, and this gives those dusky warriors the double advantage of competing, not only in their own matches, but also for prizes open to Europeans; and although armed with the snider, some of their scores compare favourably with the European's martini. For the Victoria Plate, 200 yards h. p. s. 35, Naiq Ram Sing, 36th M. N. I., scored 30, and Private Sebastian, Q. O. S. and M., 29.

The Bangalore Rifle Volunteers inaugurated the meeting by inviting the representatives of the various volunteer corps now present in Bangalore for the competition and the officers of the regular Army doing duty on the range to a sumptuous breakfast in Mr. Cowan's pavilion, from which one and all rose satisfied. It was expected that the worthy Commandant of the B. R. V. would have made the usual post-prandial oration and toasted his guests, but he was evidently unequal to the occasion; so there were no speeches and no toasts, although many wished for an opportunity to publicly thank Capt. W. R. Pratt, B. R. V., for his excellent arrangements, and for his indefatigable exertions to render the meeting as pleasant as possible to visitors.

2ND DAY, 16TH SEPTEMBER, 1881.

The shooting to-day was, if anything, better than yesterday, the possible being attained at 500 yards in one instance by a member of the N. V. R.; the volunteers, on the whole, doing better than they did the first day. For the Trial Stakes, 200 yards h. p. s. 50 points, Volunteer Browne, Calcutta V. R., scored 44, followed by Vol. N. Brown, G. I. P. R. V., with another 44. In the S. I. R. A. Stakes, 600 yards, h. p. s. 50 points, Lieut. G. J. Shaw, 6th M. N. I., and Lieutenant Forbes, 2nd Hants, each made 40. For the Volunteer Contest, 5 and 600 yards, h. p. s. 70, Serjeant C. Smith, N. V. R., heads the list with 61, being 30 and 31 respectively at both ranges. For the Prince of Wales's Plate the following scores were made at 800, 90+, and 1,000 yards:—Lance-Corporal Smith, M. V. G., 27 points, at 800 yards; Serjeant Instructor Nolan, 2nd Hants, 25 points, at 900 yards; and Captain Pratt, B. R. V., 28 points, at 1,000 yards. In the Mysore Stakes, Corporal Cole, 2nd Hants, made 33 points, at 500 yards; while for the Zollner Plate, 1,000 yards h. p. s. 50 points, Lance-Corporal Wilton, M. V. G., made 35. Driver Eberett, B. B. R. H. A., in the Cars bine Beely, headed the list with 28 out of a possible 35 points.

A new feature in the programme of the S. I. R. A. this year is the introduction of a prize to be shot for by ladies, the weapon used being Rook Rifles, distance 40 yards, position any, h. p. s. 25. Although it was expected that the dummy target would receive a large percentage of the bullets intended for the proper ones, spectators were agreeably disappointed by witnessing some very neat shooting, Mrs. Colonel Sim and Miss Forbes scoring 24 each, followed by three 21's and ten 19's. For the Revolver Match, 30 yards, h. p. s. 25 points, Captain Pratt, B. R. V., put up 21; while for the Shikari Stakes at the running deer the same officer stands first with 13. The practice at the Pool targets during the two days was very active, although the number of bull's-eyes were conspicuous by their scarcity. A military band was in attendance both evenings, discoursing sweet music, while beauty graced the grounds.

ROVER.

THE MONSOON.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Colaba.		Fort.		Esplanade.		Byculla.	
	In. cts.		In. cts.		In. cts.		In. cts.	
Previously regtd.	67	67	74	79	67	31	72	37
Sept. 20 Tuesday	0	4	..	..	..	..	..	..
21 Wednesday.	..	0	12	0	5	..	6	..
Total	67	71	74	91	67	36	72	43
Sept. 21, 1880 ..	61	80	71	16	63	72	68	1

NOTE.—The returns from the Fort, Esplanade and Byculla are made up to 6 p.m. each day. The return from Colaba is up to midnight.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATORY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, 20th September, 1881.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m. 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·709
Temperature of the Air	82·0
Wet Bulb Thermometer	77·6
Dew Point	76·0
Relative humidity of Air	·823
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=8)	6·1
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m)..	83·5
Minimum do. do. (read at 10 a.m)	77·0
General Direction of Wind	WSW, W, WSW, WSW
Movement of wind in 24 hours	348
Fall of Rain	0·01
Total fall during month	3·49
,, year	67·71
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 21st	0·02

* From midnight to midnight.

THE WEATHER ALONG THE COAST.

DAILY TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

(21st September, 1881.)

THE following information regarding the state of the weather at different ports round the coast from Kurrachee to Madras is compiled from the latest returns received by telegram at the Meteorological Office:—

STATIONS.	Barometer. At 10 a.m. reduced to 32° F. and Sea-level.	Reading at 10 a.m.	Ther. Shade.	Wind. Direction and force.	Wind. Mean velocity.	Rain.
	Ins.		Dgs		Mls. p. hr.	Ins.
Kurrachee	29·688		81·5	S W	16	0·00
Mandvi	·683		83·6	S W	10	0·00
Bombay	·677		85·2	W	11	0·01
Ratnagiri	·839		81·8	W	..	0·70
Karwar	·884		77·1	fresh.	..	2·49
Mangalore	·913		73·9	calm	2	2·28
Calicut	·936		78·6	S W	6	0·75
Cochin	·930		80·0	W S W	1	0·25
Manulpatam	·799		84·7	W	4	0·00
Madras	·867		83·5	W	6	0·19
Negapatam	·890		84·0	W	4	0·36

Despatched at once to a good start, all ran in a cluster to the distance, where Grey Warrior came away from his field and won very easily; Jason a bad second. Time, 2m. 28sec.

THE ARABIAN CUP.—Value Rs. 500, presented by Abdul Rahman Mimnie, Esq. For all Arabs. Weight for age; Gallowayss allowed 10lbs. Maidens allowed 10 lbs., of the day 14lbs. Winner of one previous season 3lbs., two 5lbs., three or more 7lbs. extra; Maiden Winners once 4lbs., twice or oftener 7lbs. extra. R. C. Entrance 1st May 2 G. M., 1st June 4 G. M., 1st July, 6 G. M., 1st August 8 G. M., 1st September 10 G. M., with a starting stakes of 3 G.M. Four horses in different interests to start, or the prize will be withheld.

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Mr. Abdul Rahman's ch a h Fureed, 8st. 9lb., Oomer.... 1
Col. Utterson's g a c Grey Warrior, 6st. 12lb. Kurreen.. 2
Aga Moochool Shah's b a h Reserved, 7st. 13lb., Tingey.. 3
Mr. Herbert's b a h King Arthur, 9st.,

put it to his Lordship whether, if a partner of Sir Charles Forbes and Co. was called into the box, and demanded compensation, only two rupees a day would be considered fair compensation to him. He thought it certainly could not be fair, and that even Rs. 100 a day would be insufficient.

The Judge.—I can offer you only two rupees a day under the rules of the court.

Witness.—Then, my Lord, I make a present of the Rs. 10 to the opposing creditor.

The witness was then sworn, and gave his evidence without compensation.

REVISED SCALE OF PENSIONS FOR WARRANT OFFICERS.

UNDER the authority of the Secretary of State for India, His Excellency the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the ollowing revised scale of pensions for warrant officers of Her Majesty's Indian Army, to take effect from the 1st September 1881.

2. The distinction between the invalid pension, which can be drawn only in India, and the retiring pension, will be abolished.

3. The periods of service entitling warrant officers to retiring pensions will be as follows :—

24 years' total service in Europe and India, including 16 years in the department.
26 years' total service in Europe and India, including 14 years in the department.
28 years' total service in Europe and India, including 12 years in the department.

4. The retiring pensions will be—

	England or the Colonies. Per annum. £	India. Per mensem. Rs.
Deputy Commissary ...	216	200
Assistant Commissary ...	144	140
Deputy Assistant Commissary.	108	100
Conductor ...	90	85
Sub-Conductor ...	72	70

5. A warrant officer of any grade, wishing to retire after 21 years' total service, will receive a pension of £54 per annum in England or the Colonies, or Rs. 50 per mensem in India.

6. A warrant officer declared by a medical board to be unfit for further service in India, after completion of half the periods of service, army and departmental, laid down in paragraph 3, will receive—

	England or the Colonies. Per annum. £	India. Permensem. Rs.
Deputy Commissary ...	172	160
Assistant Commissary	115	110
Deputy Assistant Commissry...	86	80
Conductor ...	72	68
Sub-Conductor ...	58	56

If he has served less than half the prescribed periods, but more than 14 years altogether he will receive—

	England or the Colonies. Per annum. £	India. Per mensem. Rs.
Deputy Commissary ...	115	110
Assistant Commissary ...	86	80
Deputy Assistant Commissary...	72	68
Conductor ...	58	56
Sub-Conductor ...	43	40

If he has not served 14 years altogether, his case will be specially considered.

7. A warrant officer, whose disqualification for further service in India has been caused by intemperance or irregular habits, will, if he has served half the periods of service, army and departmental, laid down in paragraph 3, receive—

	England or the Colonies. Per annum. £	India. Per mensem. Rs.
Deputy Commissary ...	139	120
Assistant Commissary ...	86	85
Deputy Assistant Commissary.	65	60
Conductor ...	54	50
Sub-Conductor ...	43	42

If he has served less than half the prescribed periods, but more than 14 years altogether, he will receive—

	England or the Colonies. Per annum. £	India. Per mensem. Rs.
Deputy Commissary ...	86	85
Assistant Commissary ...	65	60
Deputy Assistant Commissary.	54	50
Conductor ...	43	42
Sub-Conductor ...	32	30

If he has not served 14 years altogether, his case will be especially considered.

8. Retirement will be compulsory at the age of 55 years ; and all warrant officers of that age now in the service will be required to retire at the expiration of one year from the date of this order.

9. All warrant officers at present on the establishment will be allowed the option of electing the old or the new scale of pensions at any time previous to retirement.

10. Pension, according to the present scale and conditions, is admissible to the widow of a warrant officer who may die, either while in the service or on the Pension establishment, provided, in the latter case, that she married the deceased warrant officer previous to his retiring from the army or being invalided.—*Gazette of India.*

BENGAL.

DEATHS IN CALCUTTA.—During the week ended the 10th September, there were 229 deaths registered in Calcutta, giving a death-rate of 27·8 per thousand per annum. In the previous week there were 208 deaths, and the death-rate was 25·2 per thousand. There were no deaths from small-pox, 22 from cholera, 68 from fevers, 28 from tetanus, and 6 from causes not specified. The deaths are thus classified : 2 non-Asiatics, 4 mixed races, 163 Hindus, 57 Muhammadans, and 3 of other races.

MADRAS.

TELEPHONIC COMMUNICATION IN MADRAS.—The Madras Government, in reply to an inquiry made by the authorities at Calcutta, have stated that the introduction of the telephone into this Presidency would much facilitate the progress of public business between Government offices at large stations ; that the Chamber of Commerce considered it would be used to a fair extent under a moderate tariff ; and that on the whole the general public of Madras would make much use of this mode of communication. Major A. P. Fraser—acting Consulting Architect to Government—has suggested that trials be made on the wire between Madras and Cotacamund to obtain results over distances hitherto considered impracticable. Arrangements are being made to carry this into effect at an early date.

REFERENCE OF A MUNICIPAL CASE TO THE HIGH COURT.—This case in which one Moothoosawmy Grammay was fined by Colonel T. Weldon, the Chief Magistrate, on the 8th instant, to pay a fine of one rupee for failing to lime plaster and wash his house, situated at Mylapore, was, on the accused appealing to his Worship that he had no means, referred to the High Court of Judicature at Madras by Colonel Weldon, under Section 240 of Act IV of 1877, as to the validity and effect of the Municipal bye-laws. The question submitted to the Judges of the High Court was :—" Is the bye-law under which these charges are preferred valid as being within the object for which by section 394 of the Municipal Act V of 1878 bye-laws may be framed. If this question be answerd in the affirmative, then who, if any one, is liable to the penalty provided for a breach of this bye-law ?" The case was called on for hearing on the 2nd instant, before Sir Charles Turner, Chief Justice, and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Muttusawmy Aiyar, under section 240 Act IV of 1877, when neither parties appeared in person or by counsel. The judgment in the case is as follows :—" The Act, sections 312 and 313, authorizes the President to require the owner or occupier of houses to keep them clean and wholesome, and for that purpose empowers him to issue notice to owners and occupiers requiring them to lime-wash their walls. There is nothing in the Act which authorizes the Municipality to prescribe of what material the walls should be constructed or with what materials they should be faced. In the city of Madras, which consists so largely of mud-huts, it would be unreasonable to require persons to do what they cannot effectually do, put a lime plaster face upon their walls. Again, whereas the violation of other duties is in the Act made punishable with express penalties, neglect of the order of the President does not entail a penalty, but authorizes the President to cause the work to be performed and to recover the charges. The bye-law appears to be inconsistent with the Act. It therefore cannot be kept alive by section 393, and it is not authorized by section 389." The above judgment was on Friday read out to the accused by Colonel T. Weldon, the Chief Magistrate, at the Egmore Presidency Magistrate, when the fine of one rupee imposed upon him on the 12th ultimo was remitted.—*Madras Times.*

NATIVE PROTESTANTS OFFERING INDIGNITY TO THE CORPSE OF A CATHOLIC.—A native, a convert to Roman Catholicism from Protestantism, of the village of Kudankulam, died ; and his body was taken out to burial. His blood relations are Protestant residents of the village ; and it was, consequently, left for his brother-in-law to act the part of chief mourner. The road to the burial ground [illegible] near the Protestant chapel ; at this chapel [illegible] of native Protestants" had collected ; and [illegible] funeral procession came up, accompanied [illegible] Tom-tom, the Protestants barred [illegible] ated" certain of the Roman Catho- [illegible] put the bier with the corpse on [illegible] the body there for upwards of [illegible] ment say that the Pro- [illegible] into their own hands ;" [illegible] existence of a law [illegible] as was shown [illegible] must regard [illegible] ing. The [illegible] Had [illegible] as the [illegible] ren- [illegible] as

[illegible] WOOD'S PUNJAB HAT.

[illegible] D'S PUNJAB HAT.
[illegible] Soft Felt Double Hat.
[illegible] rn doubly or singly.

[illegible] PUNJAB HAT.
[illegible] vised that the outer one [illegible] one in such a manner as [illegible] the duplicate and yet [illegible] vent a very free ac- [illegible] he two."—*Morning*

[illegible] B HAT.
[illegible] ed

MR. O'DONNELL'S INDIAN CRITICISMS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "TIMES."

SIR,—Dr. Lethbridge, Inspector of Gaols in Bengal during the starvation year of 1879, may claim a certain indulgence in his endeavours to explain satisfactorily the facts of that year, but when he asserts in his letter to you that I " took the death-rate of a few small gaols and generalized on these figures as representing the state of the gaols of a provice, " he makes an accusation against my good faith which exceeds the limits of indulgence. I generalized from no small group of gaols. I quoted none but official statistics, for which I can give page and paragraph. It is not the case that I rested my charges on a group of " sub-Himalayan " gaols where unhealthy conditions usually exist. Rajshahi Gaol, with its mortality of 17 per cent., is in no sub-Himalayan district, nor is Singbhum, with its mortality of 21 per cent., nor is Bogra, with its mortality of 26 per cent. Neither is it the case that the state of the general public health in any way accounted for the fearful death-rate within the gaols. On the contrary, Sir Ashley Eden expressly states that " the great sickness and mortality of the year cannot be attributed to the general state of the public health," which, as the *Calcutta Englishman* remarks, was unquestionably good in 1879.

Dr. Lethbridge considers that I have done the gaol authorities grievous wrong, inasmuch as I have refused to be satisfied with their conduct in putting a stop to the starvation of the year 1879 as soon as " the medical returns for 1879 were tabulated and brought under consideration in March, 1880." But, Sir, every leading organ of Indian and Anglo-Indian opinion is equally dissatisfied. The *Calcutta Englishman*, commenting upon Dr. Lethbridge's letter to you, which he published in the Press of India a month ago, observes that " It is scarcely credible that the inspector-general is left in ignorance of the health condition of his gaols from year's end to year's end. . . . We do not for an instant believe that Dr. Lethbridge was unaware down to March, 1880, that in the previous year the gaol population was dying away at a rate, as he puts it, of 'an extraordinary mortality.'" The *Bombay Gazette*, also, commenting upon Dr. Lethbridge's letter to you, refers with just severity to the admission that " the frightful increase of mortality was allowed to go on from month to month unchecked, until, forsooth, the close of the official year allowed the results for 12 months to be tabulated." The 1,600 deaths of men and women in the Bengal gaols in 1879, at least 1,200 of which were due to preventible causes, did not occur in a rush at the close of the official year. They began with the introduction of the starvation diet in March, 1879. They went on from month to month through the whole ghastly 12 down to March, 1880, and we have it admitted by Dr. Lethbridge himself in his letter to you in which he impugns my proceedings so hardily, that only " on the 22d of March, 1880, on my recommendation, the Bengal Government issued immediate orders increasing the diet." Is, then, Dr. Lethbridge an inspector-general who does not inspect ?

I am happy to acknowledge that the Administration report for 1880 shows a marked improvement upon the terrible figures of the preceding year. As the leading Bengal journal says, " There are only three gaols in which the death-rate exceeded 150 per 1,000, as against 11 gaols in 1879. In only one gaol was the mortality above 200 per 1,000, as against seven gaols with that terrible death-roll in 1879." Though these statistics of " improvement " would still be fearful anywhere else, perhaps they are eminently creditable under the circumstances. But, Sir, it would be to leave a very incomplete impression of the facts of the situation if I were not to add that much of the excessive mortality which extended into the year 1880-81 was due to the deadful circumstance that numbers of the wretched convicts were reduced to such a condition by the starvation of the previous year that even better food came too late to save them. The administration report for the year 1880-81 itself admits that " the deficient diet scale of the previous year injured the constitutions of a large number of the prisoners, who, although they were kept alive during the healthy months, had not the constitutional stamina to resist cold or the climatic influences of the unhealthy season. The power of assimilation being impaired or lost, extra diet to them was useless." It is not an organ of outside opinion, it is no journal of Bombay or Madras, but a Bengal newspaper, whose office Dr. Lethbridge can visit every day he pleases at Calcutta, which observes upon " this state of things in the gaols of Bengal," that " that silent throng of 17,000 convicts, bound by the strict discipline of prison life to obey in all things without a murmur, melting away by one of the most cruel of deaths, was a matter to rouse the pity of the most blunted humanity." Sir, that feeling of the commonest humanity, which will perhaps, not be altogether denied even to an Irish Nationalist, has been my sole motive for calling the attention of Parliament and the public to the facts which were brought to my knowledge. Surely the wise and just administration of the countless millions of our unrepresented fellow subjects in India ought to be above and beyond all party considerations.

In his remarks upon flogging in the year 1879, Dr. Lethbridge seems to forget that I did not merely complain of the enormous number of floggings, 8,232, inflicted in that year. What constitutes the peculiarly revolting character of those punishments is that they were nearly double the number, 4,789, inflicted in 1878, and nearly four times the number, 2,370, inflicted in such an average year as 1876—that is to say, while the miserable convicts were rendered sick unto death with want of food and unable to do their tale of penal work, they were being flogged for the short work caused by their weakness and emaciation, and flogged far beyond the proportion, of course, of years of average diet. This, too, went on from month to month, though it was only " at the close of the official year" that the department deigned to take official notice of the hideous circumstance.

Trusting to your fairness to allow this explanation of my position to appear in reply to the charges of the department, I would conclude with a very brief reply to another of your correspondents, who, writing in *The Times* of Wednesday last on behalf of the tea planters of Assam, takes occasion to throw doubts upon the grounds of my pleas for protection for the coolie immigrants by quoting certain testimony to the general salubriousness of Assam. Well, I shall not go into that matter now ; but if the general healthiness of Assam be as described by the secretary of the tea planters, that only heightens the significance of the exceptional mortality among the coolies on the Assam plantations, which Lord Hartington has admitted and which the *Pioneer*, assuredly not an authority unfriendly to the tea planters, sums up in these words :—" For three years the average mortality among the immigrants ranges from 10 to 11 per cent. In the first two years the rate probably exceeds 12 per cent." In other words, Sir, out of every 100 coolies indentured for three years' labour in Assam tea gardens from 30 to 36 never see their homes again. Tea enterprise in Assam deserves encouragement, and I hope will be encouraged, but it will hardly sweeten our morning cup of Assam tea to know that hardly two in three of the poor labourers who cultivate the tea gardens survive their three years' term under present conditions.—I have the honour to remain, your obedient servant,

August 27. FRANK HUGH O'DONNELL.

EUROPEAN HARVESTS.

THE correspondent of the *Standard*, telegraphing from Berlin on Aug. 29, says :—

The following is taken from M. Estienne's annual *résumé* of Harvest Reports for this season :—

GREAT BRITAIN.—Ten per cent. below the average ; total yield estimated at ten million quarters ; barley ten per cent. above average ; oats, twenty per cent. below. In spite of high price of wheat, harvest not sufficiently good for farmers to recover from the effects of losses of last five years.

FRANCE.—Wheat harvest very good in thirty Departments, tolerably good in twenty-three, middling in twenty-four, and bad in ten ; altogether, the wheat harvest much better than last year. Barley yield very good in eight Departments, good in thirty-two, tolerably good in thirteen, middling in fifteen, and bad in one. Compared with last year, a slight falling off is apparent. Oats and rye exhibit no great improvement on last year.

GERMANY.—Winter corn, good ; spring corn, indifferent ; oats, good ; barley, poor. With regard to Prussia, taking one hundred as the number representing an average yield, wheat has given eighty, rye seventy-seven, barley eighty-nine ; oats, eighty-nine ; peas and other cereals, thirty-three ; and potatoes, ninety-five. These figures may be fairly taken as indicative of the harvest of the whole of Germany, so that it must be pronounced below the average.

RUSSIA.—All reports state that barley yield is one of the best on record, and is quite twice that of last year. The rye and wheat harvests are also good.

AUSTRIA.—Harvest generally good.

SWITZERLAND.—Wheat, bad ; oats and barley, good ; rye, bad.

BELGIUM.—Wheat, below average ; barley, good ; rye good, but a small crop ; oats below average.

HOLLAND.—Cereals of every description good.

DANUBIAN PROVINCES.—Wheat, middling ; rye, good ; barley, large crop, but poor in quality.

ITALY.—Middling ; far behind harvest of last year.

SPAIN.—Harvest of every description bad.

Reports from America estimate the harvest at 400 million bushels this year, against 480 millions last year, while the yield of maize is returned at 1,400 million bushels against 1,536 millions last year.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it *will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair* to its original colour, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemist for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 3s. 6d per Bottle. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Co., Limited, 33, Farringdon Road.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.

SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL £3,200,000
RESERVE FUND £800,000

LONDON BANKERS :
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
Messrs. C. J. HAMBRO & SON.
LONDON OFFICE—32, THREADNEEDLE STREET, E.C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

F. COCHINARD, Acting Manager.
1, Rampart Row, W.

THE AGRA BANK (LIMITED).
CAPITAL—£1,000,000.
RESERVE FUND—£150,000.

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CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.
DEPOSITS received available at any time, for Remittance to England in the Bank's Bills and interest allowed thereon at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.
DEPOSITS are also received for fixed periods on terms which may be learnt on application.
DRAFTS granted at the exchange of the day on London, Scotland, Ireland, and the Bank's Agencies in the East.
CIRCULAR NOTES issued, negotiable in the principal places in Europe.
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MESSRS. WISDOM AND WARTER'S XEREZ DE LA FRONTERA.

HAVING appointed us their BOMBAY AGENTS, we have the pleasure to offer for Sale their excellent SHERRY WINES, at the following cheap rates :—

Extra Dry, very clean and elegant, in Quarter Casks of about 27 imperial gallons .....Rs. 150
Manzanilla do. ..... „ 170
Fino Palmo do. ..... „ 240
For sample bottle and other information apply to WARDEN & Co.
35, Meadow Street, Fort.

REDUCED QUOTATIONS
FOR
BULL-DOG BEER and STOUT
received by every mail-steamer.
Prices—Rs. 5-6 per doz. qts. } net
„ „ 3-8 „ pts. } cash.
CUTLER, PALMER & Co.,
BOMBAY.

McEWAN'S BEER

CAN always be had at the undernoted address ; it is of excellent quality, and is highly recommended.
PRICES FOR CASH.

Quarts..... Rs. 4 12 per doz. in Casks of 4 doz.
Pints ..... „ 3 4 „ „ 7 doz.
Hogsheads.. „ 60 0 per hhd.
Apply to
WALLACE & Co.,
Sole Agents,
No. 4, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay,
or
DHUNJEEBHOY COWASJEE OOMRIGER,
opposite Crawford Market.

FOR SALE, at the Godowns of the undersigned :—

CLARETS—Pauillac.....in quarts. Rs. 10 0 per doz.
Pauillac Medoc.. „ „ 10 0 „
BRANDY—Prince Napoleon. „ „ 16 0 „
From Messrs. BRANDENBURG, FRERES, BORDEAUX.
CLARETS—Medoc .....in quarts. Rs. 9 12 per doz.
Pauillac..... „ „ 10 0 „
Poutet Canet .... „ „ 11 4 „
Chateau Leoville. „ „ 14 4 „
BRANDY—Girafte .... „ „ 17 0 „
Vieux Cognac.... „ „ 21 4 „
From ANTON DREHER KL. SCHWECHAT NR. VIENNA.
BEER in cases of 4 dozen quarts.....Rs. 8 per doz.
„ „ 6 pints .... „ 4 0 „
TERMS—CASH.
BELL, BRANDENBURG, & Co.

NOTICES.

MELCOMBE REGIS SCHOOL,
WEYMOUTH.
PRESIDENT :
THE RIGHT HON. THE VISCOUNT PORTMAN.
HEAD MASTER : REV. I. MILLER, B. A.,
ASSISTED BY A STAFF OF GRADUATE MASTERS.

THE object of this School is to provide a LIBERAL EDUCATION at a MODERATE COST. Independent Examiners are appointed by the University of Cambridge. The domestic arrangements are under the direct management of Mrs. MILLER, assisted by a MATRON. Each boy has a separate bed. FEES for board, tuition, books, laundress, &c., fifty to sixty-five guineas per annum.
PROSPECTUSES, containing a list of recent distinctions gained direct from this School, at the Universities and in other examinations, and a list of references to parents in India and England, may be obtained at the office.

ROWLANDS' MACASSAR OIL has been known for the last 80 years as the best and safest preserver and beautifier of the hair ; it contains no lead or mineral ingredients, and is especially adapted for the hair of children ; sold in usual four sizes.

ROWLANDS' ODONTO is the purest and most fragrant dentifrice ever made ; it whitens the teeth, prevents decay, and gives a pleasing fragrance to the breath, and the fact of its containing no acid or mineral ingredients specially adapts it for the teeth of children.

ROWLANDS' KALYDOR produces a beautifully pure and healthy complexion, eradicates freckles, tan, prickly heat, sunburn, &c., and is most cooling and refreshing to the face, hands, and arms, during hot weather. Ask any Perfumery Dealer.

ROWLANDS' articles, of 20, Hatton Garden London ; and avoid spurious worthless imitations.
Wholesale and retail Agents, Treacher and Co., Byculla and Fort, also at Poonah.

H. H. THE NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY.
ADVERTISIN AT RAILWAY STATIONS.

THE PROPRIETOR of the *Bombay Gazette* Press, having leased from the NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY Company the exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to the Company, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting notices or advertisements on the lines.
The Cantonment of SECUNDRABAD, as is well-known, contains the largest military garrison in India—a garrison comprising over 5,000 British and native troops. Contiguous to it is the Cantonment of BOLARUM garrisoned by two regiments and one Battery of the Hydrabad Contingent, all officered by Europeans. South of Secundrabad, about 4 miles, are the suburbs of Hydrabad, containing the Nizam's regular troops, about 5,000 in number, officered mostly by Europeans—besides a large civil population. It would manifestly be advantageous to firms to advertise at the stations on the above railway, the most important of which are SECUNDRABAD, HYDRABAD, GANGAWARUM and TANDUR.
The announcements may be in English or in any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES.
The advantages which Railway Stations present as a means of bringing intimations of all kinds before the public have been demonstrated in England by the extensive use which is made by Advertisers, of every station, great and small, along every one in the United Kingdom.
INSURANCE COMPANIES, SHIPPING COMPANIES, HOTELKEEPERS, MERCHANTS, TRADERS and others who wish to force their business on the notice of the public, all alike value the privilege of *Railway Station Advertising*.
There is no reason why the privilege should not be also specially valuable to Advertisers in India. Looking to the great and increasing number of Native Railway Passengers on the two trunk lines of Western India, Native Merchants, Traders, &c., seeing that they have the privilege of advertising in their own language, would find the publication of their announcements at Railway Stations an infallible means of extending their business.
Advertisers can select the Stations, at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely *moderate scale* to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcements known to the public.
Placards, according to the taste of Advertisers, may be printed at moderate charges in ENGLISH or any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES at the *Bombay Gazette* Press. Estimates on application.

RATES.

Boards not exceeding 2 feet long and 2 feet broad Rs. 2 per month. For every additional square foot annas 8.
Thus a firm exhibiting a board, say 4 square feet will have the advantage of having their business advertisement read by thousands of Passengers on one station platform for the trifling monthly expenditure of Rs. 2. Parties advertising on six Stations or more will be allowed a discount of ten per cent. ; on twelve Stations or more twenty-five per cent.
The boards to be delivered at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, whence they will be sent by the Lessee to the various stations selected by the Advertiser. In the event of the contract terminating, the boards will be brought back to Bombay at the expense and risk of the Advertiser.
Special arrangements for long periods.
For further particulars apply to the Manager *Bombay Gazette* Office, Rampart Row, Fort.

NOTICES.

SWIFT & FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.,
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.
No. 42, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10 ; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5 ; Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness, in the yard, [single Rs. 15, double Rs. 30.] The Horse Shoeing Forge is under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every class of shoeing done.

SULPHOLINE LOTION.—An External Means of CURING SKIN DISEASES. There is scarcely any eruption but will yield to "Sulpholine" in a few days, and commence to fade away even if it seems past cure. Ordinary pimples, redness, blotches, scurf, roughness, vanish as if by magic ; whilst old, enduring skin disorders, that have plagued the sufferers for years, however deeply rooted they may be, " Sulpholine" will successfully attack them. It destroys the animalcule which cause these unsightly, irritable, painful affections, and always produces a clear, healthy, natural condition of the skin. "Sulpholine" Lotion is sold by most Chemists. Bottles, 2s. 9d. Made by J. PEPPER and Co., London. Sold by TREACHER and Co.

PEPPER'S QUININE and IRON TONIC strengthens the nervous and muscular system, improves digestion, animates the spirits, recruits the health. For debilitated health from the effect of hot climates this tonic is invaluable.

PEPPER'S QUININE and IRON TONIC rouses and develops the nervous energies, enriches the blood, promotes appetite, dispels langour and depression, fortifies the digestive organs. Is a specific remedy for neuralgia, ague, indigestion, fevers of every kind, chest affections, and in wasting disease, scrofulous tendencies, &c. The whole frame is greatly invigorated by Pepper's Tonic, the mental faculties brightened, the constitution greatly strengthened, and a return to robust health certain. Bottles, 32 doses, 4s. 6d. ; next size, 11s. Sold by Chemists everywhere. The name of J. Pepper, Bedford Laboratory, London, must be on the label. There is no Tonic so certain in effect as Pepper's Quinine and Iron. It is strongly recommended to residents in India and the Colonies, and should always be kept ready for use in every case of fever or febrile condition. Sold by TREACHER & Co.

TARAXACUM and PODOPHYLLIN—Prepared only by J. Pepper, London. This Fluid combination, extracted from medicinal roots, is now used instead of blue pill and calomel for the cure of dyspepsia, biliousness, and all symptoms of congestion of the liver, which are generally pain beneath the shoulders, headache, drowsiness, no appetite, furred tongue, disagreeable taste in the morning, giddiness, disturbance of the stomach, and feeling of general depression. It sets the sluggish liver in motion, very slightly acts on the bowels, giving a sense of health and comfort within 24 hours. It is the safest medicine. Taraxacum and Podophyllin is a fluid. Made only by J. PEPPER, Bedford Laboratory, London, whose name is on every label. Bottles, 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d. Sold by all Chemists. A most valuable and essential medicine for India, Australia, the Cape, and Colonies generally.

LOCKYER'S SULPHUR HAIR-RESTORER will darken grey hair, and in a few days completely bring back the natural colour. The effect is superior to that produced by an instantaneous dye, and does not injure the skin.

LOCKYER'S SULPHUR HAIR-RESTORER is the best for restoring grey hair to its former colour. It produces a perfectly natural shade, and is absolutely harmless. Recommended for destroying scurf and encouraging growth of new hair.

LOCKYER'S SULPHUR HAIRRESTORER —No other hair dressing is requisite. Large Bottles, 1s. 6d. Sold by Chemists, Hair-dressers, and Perfumers in London, and throughout the world.
Lockyer's is now the favourite of the high-priced preparations. Sold by TREACHER & Co.

LIVER COMPLAINTS.

DR. KING'S DANDELION and QUININE LIVER PILLS (without Mercury.)
THE BEST REMEDY FOR BILIOUSNESS, STOMACH DERANGEMENT, FLATULENCE, PAINS BETWEEN THE SHOULDERS, BAD APPETITE, INDIGESTION, ACIDITY, HEAD-ACHE, HEARTBURN, and all other symptoms of disordered liver and dyspepsia. Acknowledged by many physicians to be the safest and mildest pills for every constitution.
In Boxes at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., and 4s. 6d.
Sold by Chemists and Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Prepared by Jas. Rorke, London.
Specially valuable Pills for residents abroad and traveller.

SARSAPARILLA.
Wilkinson's Essence or Fluid Extract of
RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA
Is the ONLY PREPARATION RECOGNISED by the FACULTY as a WONDERFUL PURIFIER of the HUMAN BLOOD.
It is not too much to say that those suffering from the effects of TROPICAL CLIMATES, such as TORPID LIVER, DEBILITATION of BODY, ERUPTIONS, LASSITUDE, &c., will, by taking this extraordinary ESSENCE of RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA, soon find relief and ultimately a cure. It is asserted by those who take a little DAILY the system becomes less liable to attacks of illness.
"We cannot speak too highly of it."—*Lancet.*
"We recommend you *Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla.*—*Medical Review.*
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